**LUNG CANCER SCREENING FOR PEOPLE WHO HAVE SMOKED**

Screening can find lung cancer early and treatment can reduce the chance of dying from this disease.1,2

**Of 100 people who have annual screening and recommended follow-up...**

- About 5 are likely to be diagnosed with lung cancer. **Three** (60%) of those 5 are likely to be diagnosed with early-stage disease.3

**Of 100 people who DO NOT have annual screening and recommended follow up...**

- About 5 are likely to be diagnosed with lung cancer. Only 1 (20%) of those 5 is likely to diagnosed with early-stage disease.3

**Among 100 people who are screened...**

- About 14 are likely to be advised to have follow-up evaluations such as imaging, needle biopsy, bronchoscopy, or thoracic surgery, which may have complications.3

- About 86 are likely to be advised to have follow-up repeat screening in a year.3

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**Over-diagnosis**

Screening may find a cancer or some other condition that is not likely to cause harm.

**Safety**

Exposure to radiation from a screening test (low-dose computed tomography) is about the same as a back x-ray.

**Cost**

Screening and diagnostic follow-up are covered by Medicare, and by most state Medicaid and private insurance plans.

**Quitting Smoking**

Quitting smoking can reduce the risk of developing lung cancer and many other types of cancer, and can improve overall health.

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Please let your healthcare provider know how you feel about being screened.

- I don’t want to be screened.
- I’m unsure about screening.
- I want to be screened.

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