JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY (JCP)
2019-2020 STUDENT HANDBOOK
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACCREDITATION NOTICE</strong></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>INTRODUCTION TO THE JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY (JCP)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message from the Dean</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Handbook Overview/Link (Policies/Procedures)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCP Faculty and Staff</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TJU Mission and Vision</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCP Mission, Vision and Core Values</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCP Organizational Chart</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACADEMIC CALENDAR: 2019–2020</strong></td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>JCP Program of Study</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curriculum Goals and Objectives</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curriculum Plan/Outline by Year</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit Hour Policy</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grading System</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA Calculation</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeated Courses</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPA Calculations for Those Previously Enrolled in Other Jefferson Programs</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coursework</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Posting of Assessment Results</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curriculum Outcomes</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaluation of Curriculum Outcomes</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o Student Evaluation of Courses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o Pharmacy Curriculum Outcomes Assessment (PCOA®)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o Rubrics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STUDENT ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Advising for PharmD Students</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classroom Materials and Handouts</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Attendance</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lecture Recordings</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Evaluations of Courses and Faculty</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cell Phone//Personal Electronic Device/ Laptop Computer Policy</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campus Key</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jefferson Email</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Withdrawal from the College</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STUDENT ACADEMIC POLICIES AND PROCEDURES</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TJU Community Standards</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Program Requirements</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacy Intern License</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obligation to Report Regulatory or Legal Actions</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Requirements / Technical Standard</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduation Requirement Policy</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Attendance and Missed Coursework</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procedure to Request an Excused Absence</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital / Illness / Injury Procedure</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Drop/Add</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Withdrawal</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPEP – Student Pharmacist Enrichment Program</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exam Policies and Procedures</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review of Exams and other Assessment and Request for Regrading</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCP Second Chance Option</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCP Academic Progression Standards</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCP Academic Integrity Policy</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsafe Clinical Practice – Policy</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer Credit Policy</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Complaints, Appeals and Grievances</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complaints Policy for the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE)</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade Appeal Protocol</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leave of Absence</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Readmission Policy and Procedure</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satisfactory Academic Progress Policy – Federal Title IV Programs</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transcripts</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traits of Professionalism</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Dress</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code of Ethics for Pharmacists</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Oath of a Pharmacist</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacists’ Patient Care Process: Statement of the Joint Commission of Pharmacy Practitioners, 2014</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statement of Professional Conduct / Honor Code</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JCP Professional Development Award</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Activities Documentation</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Participation in Institutional Governance</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Pharmacy Organization Information</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmacy-Related Websites</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ACCREDITATION NOTICE

The Thomas Jefferson University's Doctor of Pharmacy program is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE) through June 30, 2026. The United States Department of Education recognizes ACPE as the national agency for accreditation of professional degree programs (PharmD) in pharmacy and continuing education programs for pharmacists.

Contact ACPE:

190 South LaSalle Street
Suite 2850, Chicago, Il 60603.

Phone: (312)664-3575. Fax: (866)228-26314652.

Web address: http://www.acpe-accredit.org
INTRODUCTION TO
THE JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY
(JCP)
MESSAGE FROM THE DEAN

On behalf of the Faculty and Staff of the Jefferson College of Pharmacy (JCP), I would like to welcome you to the 2019-2020 academic year at the Jefferson College of Pharmacy and Thomas Jefferson University (TJU). This is truly an exciting time to be part of Thomas Jefferson University and we welcome the JCP Class of 2023. The newly integrated TJU (Jefferson plus Philadelphia University) is growing – with an increased enrollment, new academic programs and many new community and industry partnerships. At Jefferson, research and education are truly synergistic with patient care and our commitment to innovation, creativity, entrepreneurship and partnerships will provide unprecedented professional growth opportunities for Jefferson students.

This Student Handbook is just one of several tools designed to assist you while at Jefferson. You will find important information regarding resources available to you at Jefferson as well as policies and procedures that provide the framework for the Jefferson community. As a Jefferson student it is your responsibility to understand and adhere to JCP and TJU policies therefore, I urge you to review this Handbook carefully and use it as a resource throughout the year. In addition to a culture focused on learning, advancement of the health sciences, and excellence in patient care, you will find that values including civility, respect and courtesy also define the Jefferson community. Embracing and exemplifying these values will go far in defining your success, satisfaction, and respect as a member of the health care team. Simple actions such as the following basic courtesies will be very important in setting you on a course for success at Jefferson and for your entire career.

- Greet people when you encounter them on campus, even those you do not know.
- Remember that while e-mail and texting are a quick and informal means of communication, messages still require courtesy and respect, particularly when writing to people you do not know.
- Respond to invitations and keep appointments you make.
- Thank or acknowledge people who do something for you.
- Try not to be the first person on the elevator or through the door. Hold the door for others. Curb your backpacks in the elevators. Be especially aware that many visitors on campus may be patients or their family – please assist them in any way you can and be compassionate.
- Be aware of the impact of your language. Language begets culture and ours is defined by civility and respect.
- Pick up trash and dispose of it properly – we are all part of this community and appearances send an important message about who we are and our values.
- Turn off your cell phone, take out your earbuds, and be present and engaged in class and at University events. Ensure that your laptops and tablets only display course-related material during class. Paying attention signals respect and also earns it.
- Take responsibility for your mistakes. Mistakes are inevitable but the true measure of character is how you respond to your own mistakes.
- Read carefully, accept and uphold the Jefferson Code of Conduct in this Handbook.

We are honored that you have chosen to be a part of the Jefferson community. Be assured that the highest priority of our Faculty and Staff is your success at Jefferson. We are all committed to providing you support and guidance throughout your tenure at Jefferson and are confident that it will be a rewarding foundation for your professional careers. We are all excited to have this opportunity to share our experience and our passion for pharmacy practice and research with you.

Lastly, we value your feedback and sincerely hope that you will assist us in improving the academic program and the Jefferson community for future students. Please let us know if there is additional information that would be helpful in future additions of this Handbook. We also invite and appreciate your feedback both through the formal evaluation processes as well as through informal recommendations regarding how we can enhance this experience for you and your colleagues.

I sincerely hope that this academic year is both successful and professionally rewarding for everyone.

Rebecca S. Finley, PharmD, MS, FASHP
Founding Dean and Professor
UNIVERSITY HANDBOOK

This handbook includes JCP-specific information, policies and procedures. Students are responsible for knowing the contents and adhering to all policies within the JCP Student Handbook as well as the University policies and procedures found at: www.jefferson.edu/handbook OR http://www.jefferson.edu/university/academic-affairs/schools/student-affairs/student-handbooks.html

University Policies and Procedures:

- Academic Advising (new policy)
- Alcohol, Drugs, and Prohibited Substances (updated)
- Assistance Animals
- Campus Violence (updated)
- Children in Instructional Settings (new policy)
- Community Standards
- Disability Accommodations
- Gambling
- Grievance Procedure
- Hazing Policy
- Inclement Weather (new policy)
- JEFFAlert Emergency Notification System
- Preferred Name (new policy)
- Social Media Policy (updated)
- Student Alcohol Policy (updated)
- Student Religious Observance Policy (updated)
- Student Sexual Misconduct Policy (updated)
- Tuition Charges Across TJU Programs (new policy)
- Use of College's Name/Logo
- Use of Electronic Recording Devices
- Weapons Policy (updated)
- Weather Emergency Policy

Center City Policies

- Confidentiality of Student Records
- Emergency Preparedness
- Flu Vaccination Policy
- Health Insurance Policy
- Occupational Exposure to Blood and Body Fluids
- Peer-to-Peer File Sharing on University Networks
- Policy on Equal Opportunity; Policy Prohibiting Sexual Harassment; Policy Prohibiting Retaliation
- Student Directory
- Student Emergency Contact Information
- Student Identification Cards
- Tobacco Free Environment
- Weather Emergency Policy
JEFFERSON SCHOOL OF PHARMACY
ADMINISTRATION

Rebecca S. Finley, PharmD, MS, FASHP
Founding Dean

Mary M. Hess, PharmD, FASHP, FCCM, FCCP, BCCCP
Associate Dean for Student Affairs

Brian Swift, PharmD, MBA
Associate Dean for Professional Affairs
Chief Pharmacy Officer, Thomas Jefferson University Hospital

Elena M. Umland, PharmD
Associate Dean for Academic Affairs
Co-Director, Jefferson Center for Interprofessional Practice and Education

Alok Bhushan, PhD
Chair, Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences

Cynthia A. Sanoski, PharmD, FCCP, BCPS
Chair, Department of Pharmacy Practice

Dominique Fields, PharmD
Director, Experiential Education

Andrea S. Joseph, MS, RPh
Assistant Director, Experiential Education

Stephen Doll, BA
Executive Assistant to the Dean

Pamela MacPherson, MEd
Director of Assessment and Communications
JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY
FACULTY AND STAFF

Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences

Alok Bhushan, PhD
Chair, Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences
Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Kishore Alugupalli, PhD
Associate Professor, Sidney Kimmel Medical College

Roger Armen, PhD
Assistant Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Jitendra Belani, PhD
Assistant Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Vikas Bhardwaj, PhD
Assistant Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Gabriela Cristina Brailoiu, PhD
Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Gino Cingolani, PhD
Professor and Vice-Chair, Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Sidney Kimmel Medical College

Gagan Kaushal, PhD
Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Ashakumary Lakshmikuttyamma, PhD
Assistant Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Peter Ronner, PhD
Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
Professor, Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Sidney Kimmel Medical College

Charles P. Scott, PhD
Assistant Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
Assistant Professor, Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Sidney Kimmel Medical College

Sunday Shoyele, PhD
Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Annie Chhun, BS
Laboratory Coordinator

Kristen Lindenau, BS
Research Assistant

Ankit Rochani, PhD
Post Doctoral Fellow

Milind Ahire, PhD
Post Doctoral Fellow
JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY
FACULTY AND STAFF

Department of Pharmacy Practice

Cynthia A. Sanoski, PharmD, BCPS, FCCP
   Chair, Department of Pharmacy Practice
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Gina Bellottie, PharmD, BCACP
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Kimberly Carter, PharmD, BCACP
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Amy E. Egras, PharmD, BCPS
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Dominique Fields, PharmD
   Director, Experiential Education
   Assistant Professor of Pharmacy Practice

Rebecca S. Finley, PharmD, MS, FASHP
   Dean, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
   Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Emily Hajjar, PharmD, BCPS, CGP, BCACP
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
   Program Director, MS in Population Health Pharmacy

Mary M. Hess, PharmD, FASHP, FCCM, FCCP, BCCCP
   Associate Dean for Student Affairs, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
   Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Andrea Joseph, B.S., MS
   Assistant Director, Experiential Education
   Clinical Assistant Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Amber King, PharmD, BCPS
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Nicholas Leon, PharmD, BCPS, BCACP
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Danielle Mayer, PharmD
   Assistant Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Angela Nace, PharmD
   Field Coordinator of Experiential Education
   Clinical Instructor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Ginah Nightingale, PharmD, BCOP
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Roshni Patel, PharmD, BCPS
   Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
Jason Schafer, PharmD, MPH, BCPS, AAHIVE
Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
Vice-Chair for Faculty Development and Advancement, Department of Pharmacy Practice

Emily Scopelliti, PharmD, BCPS
Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Bhavik Shah, PharmD, BCPS, AAHIVE
Associate Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Brian G. Swift, PharmD, MBA
Vice President / Chief Pharmacy Officer, Thomas Jefferson University Hospital
Associate Dean for Professional Affairs, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
Clinical Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Elena M. Umland, PharmD
Associate Dean for Academic Affairs, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy
Co-Director, Jefferson Center for Interprofessional Practice and Education

Cindy J. Wordell, PharmD
Assistant Director of Pharmacy for Medication Use Policy, Research and Clinical Services,
Thomas Jefferson University Hospital
Clinical Professor, Jefferson College of Pharmacy

Jacqueline Wasynczuk, PharmD
Assistant Professor of Pharmacy Practice

Anne Reiley, Administrative Assistant to the Chair

Anyta Thomas, Administrative Assistant to the Chair of Experiential Education
THOMAS JEFFERSON UNIVERSITY MISSION, VISION AND VALUES

Mission
We improve lives by providing students with exceptional value in 21st century professional education.

Vision
Reimagining health, education and discovery to create unparalleled value.

Values
Put people first. Be bold and think differently. Do the right thing.

Our Commitment to Diversity
Thomas Jefferson University has a long and proud history of contributing to the national healthcare workforce. We aspire to create a diverse and inclusive environment, knowing that the creative energy and innovative insights that result from diversity are vital for the intellectual rigor and social fabric of the University. It is also requisite for a highly effective healthcare workforce of the future. As a scholarly community, the University welcomes people of all racial, ethnic, cultural, socio-economic, national and international backgrounds, diversity of thought, pedagogy, religion, age, sexual orientation, gender/gender identity, political affiliation and disability.
MISSION OF THE JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

The mission of the Jefferson School of Pharmacy (JCP) is to prepare its students for careers in the profession of pharmacy. Through the provision of a learner-centered, interdisciplinary curriculum, our students will develop the requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes to provide excellent patient-centered and population-based care. Consistent with the mission of Thomas Jefferson University, we strive to develop in our students a sense of social, personal and professional responsibility.

VISION OF THE JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

The JCP will consistently demonstrate its ability to provide a superb environment that fosters collaborative relationships with health care practitioners and scientists that result in the advancement of patient care and safety, educational methodologies, and research. It will be recognized as a premier organization that advances the profession of pharmacy through our graduates and our faculty.

- Our graduates will be recognized for their: ability to provide outstanding patient-centered and population-based care; leadership skills; cultural competency; social responsibility; and commitment to maintaining professional competence throughout their careers.
- Our faculty will be recognized for their: strong commitment to the advancement of pharmacy and graduate education, patient care, and research; leadership in the professional societies and educational organizations; and strong commitment to the improvement of our community through service initiatives.

JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

CORE VALUES

The JCP is committed to:

- maintaining a culture that fosters integrity, respect, social responsibility, diversity, and compassion;
- a learner-centered educational environment that recognizes the importance of lifelong learning;
- meeting the diverse needs of and fostering positive morale among our students, faculty and staff;
- preparing and encouraging our students to pursue postgraduate education and training programs;
- the continued professional development and mentoring of our students, faculty and staff;
- the development of leadership skills among students, faculty and staff;
- a research-rich environment that stimulates the advancement of science, patient care and safety, and educational effectiveness; and,
- maintaining an ongoing assessment program that results in the continuous improvement of our educational program, research endeavors, and infrastructure in an effort to support our mission and vision.
**ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2019-2020**

_The University reserves the right to make changes to the academic calendar as circumstances may require._

### 2019 FALL SEMESTER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8/14-16</td>
<td>Wed - Fri JCP Class of 2023 Orientation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8/19</td>
<td>Mon Classes Begin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9/2</td>
<td>Mon Labor Day Holiday</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9/11</td>
<td>Wed Drop/Add Period Ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9/18</td>
<td>Tue Last Date to Remove an &quot;I&quot; Grade from Previous Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/16</td>
<td>Wed Last Date to Withdraw with a Grade of &quot;W&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/11</td>
<td>Mon On-line Registration for Spring Semester Begins (Anticipated)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/27</td>
<td>Wed Thanksgiving Holidays Begin/No Classes Scheduled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/2</td>
<td>Mon Thanksgiving Holidays End/Classes Resume</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/26</td>
<td>Tues Classes End</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/2-6</td>
<td>Mon-Fri Final Examinations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/13</td>
<td>Fri Grades Due in Registrar's Office, 9:00 am</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/27</td>
<td>Fri Last Date to File Application for Graduation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2020 SPRING SEMESTER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/3</td>
<td>Fri On-line Registration for Spring Semester Ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/6</td>
<td>Mon Classes Begin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/20</td>
<td>Mon Drop/Add Period Ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/31</td>
<td>Fri Last Date to Remove an &quot;I&quot; Grade from Previous Term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/21</td>
<td>Fri Last Date to Withdraw with a Grade of &quot;W&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/24</td>
<td>Mon Spring Recess Begins/No Classes Scheduled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/2</td>
<td>Mon Spring Recess Ends/Classes Resume</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/23</td>
<td>Mon On-line Registration for Summer/Fall Semesters Begins (Anticipated)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/24</td>
<td>Fri Classes End</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/27-5/1</td>
<td>Mon-Fri Final Examinations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/12</td>
<td>Tue On-line Registration for Summer Semester Ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/13</td>
<td>Wed All Other Grades Due in Registrar’s Office, 9:00 am</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TBD</td>
<td>Class of 2020 Commencement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### JCP P4 Academic Calendar

#### Pre-Fall Semester 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5/28</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>APPE I Begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/27</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>Memorial Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/5</td>
<td>Fri</td>
<td>APPE 1 Ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/8</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>APPE 2 Begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8/16</td>
<td>Fri</td>
<td>APPE 2 Ends</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Fall Semester 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8/26</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>APPE 3 Begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9/2</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>Labor Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/4</td>
<td>Fri</td>
<td>APPE 3 Ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/7-11</td>
<td></td>
<td>On Campus Week - Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/14</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>APPE 4 Begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/22</td>
<td>Fri</td>
<td>APPE 4 Ends</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Spring Semester 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/6</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>APPE 5 Begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/24</td>
<td>Thu</td>
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<td>4/8</td>
<td>Wed</td>
<td>Board Review Course Ends</td>
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DOCTOR OF PHARMACY PROGRAM OF STUDY

Curriculum Goals
The JCP Doctor of Pharmacy (PharmD) curriculum will prepare its graduates to provide patient-centered and population-based care that ensures optimal health outcomes. It will also prepare its graduates to practice in diverse patient care environments and to become valued members of the health care team. Its graduates will embrace the need for life-long, self-directed learning.

Curriculum Objectives
The PharmD curriculum goals will be met by:

- Identification of the key curricular outcomes to be achieved by our students;
- Vertical integration of the necessary knowledge, attitudes, and skills necessary for achieving the key curricular outcomes throughout the curriculum;
- Ensuring that students know the curricular outcomes and have an understanding of the relationship between knowledge, attitudes, and skills and these outcomes;
- Consistent incorporation of active learning throughout the curriculum via modes that may include, but are not limited to, the use of educational technology, small group discussions, learning communities, and online coursework and discussions;
- Development of interprofessional educational coursework in the classroom and experiential settings;
- Creation of introductory and advanced pharmacy practice experiences in a variety of patient care settings;
- Utilization of end-of-year performance assessments throughout the curriculum;
- Development of student portfolios to aid in their professional development; and
- Incorporation of assessment into the College’s planning process for providing continuous curricula revision and development.

Curriculum Plan/Outline by Year – Classes of 2020 - 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Year – P1 Fall</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>First Year – P1 Spring</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry – PHRM510</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Biostatistics – PHRM511</td>
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<td>Healthcare Delivery Systems – PHRM519</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Molecular and Cell Biology – PHRM520</td>
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<tr>
<td>IPPE: Healthcare Service Learning – PHRM522 *1</td>
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<td>IPPE: Community Pharmacy – PHRM523 *1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Healthcare Communications and Patient Counseling – PHRM524</td>
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<td>Physical Assessment and Clinical Skills – PHRM526</td>
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<td>Immunology – PHRM525</td>
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<td>Pharmacology II – PHRM556</td>
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<td>Credits</td>
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<td>Medication Safety – PHRM529</td>
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<td>IPPE: Ambulatory Care – PHRM537</td>
<td>*1</td>
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<td>Pharmaceutics and Drug Delivery Systems – PHRM530</td>
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**Third Year – P3 Fall**

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<td>Clinical Diagnosis Pharmacotherapy V: Neurology-Psychology Module – PHRM546</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Clinical Diagnosis/Pharmacotherapy VI: Oncology Module – PHRM547</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinical Diagnosis/Pharmacotherapy IV: Infectious Diseases Module - PHRM544</td>
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<td>Pharmacy Practice Lab III – PHRM548</td>
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<td>IPPE: Direct Inpatient Care – PHRM558</td>
<td>*2</td>
<td>Professional Seminar I – PHRM553</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Elective(s)</td>
<td>**2-3</td>
<td>IPPE: Elective Site – PHRM568</td>
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<td>Professional Elective(s)</td>
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**Third Year – P3 Spring**

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**Total Credits**

<table>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>19</strong></td>
<td>(**15)16</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
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## Fourth Year – P4

**Advanced Pharmacy Practice Experiences (APPEs):** 4 Core (Community Pharmacy – PHRM630, Hospital Pharmacy – PHRM64+, Ambulatory Care Pharmacy – PHRM650, Direct Inpatient Care Pharmacy – PHRM660) ; 2 Elective (Direct Patient Care – PHRM670, Indirect Patient Care – PHRM680) [6 X 6 weeks each x 40 hours/week = 1440 hours] 36 credits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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**Total Curriculum Credits = 141**

* = Without regard to semester; IPPE = Introductory Pharmacy Practice Experience

** = Elective requirement is 8 credits of which a minimum of 50% must be earned from non-independent study, JCP-approved elective offerings.
# Curriculum Plan/Outline by Year – Class of 2022, 2023

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<tr>
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<td>*1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Immunology – PHRM525</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biochemistry – PHRM510</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preventive Healthcare and Self-Care Issues – PHRM512</td>
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<td>Healthcare Delivery Systems – PHRM519</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>IPPE: Community Pharmacy – PHRM523</td>
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<td>Physical Assessment and Clinical Skills – PHRM526</td>
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**Total Credits** 17

## First Year – P1 Spring

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<td>Molecular and Cell Biology – PHRM520</td>
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<tr>
<td>IPPE: Hospital Pharmacy - PHRM528</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pharmaceutics and Drug Delivery Systems – PHRM530</td>
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<td>Pharmacology I – PHRM549</td>
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**Student Pharmacist Enrichment Process** 0.25

<table>
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<td>Clinical Diagnosis/Pharmacotherapy II: Renal / Gastrointestinal Module - PHRM555</td>
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<tr>
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**Total Credits** 16.25

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**Total Credits** 19

## Second Year – P2 Spring

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## Third Year – P3 Spring

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21
August 12.2019

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<td>Pharmacoeconomics and Health Outcomes – PHRM551</td>
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<td>Integrated Practice Applications – PHRM552</td>
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**Fourth Year – P4**

Advanced Pharmacy Practice Experiences (APPEs): 4 Core (Community Pharmacy - PHRM630, Hospital Pharmacy – PHRM64-, Ambulatory Care Pharmacy – PHRM650, Direct Inpatient Care Pharmacy – PHRM660 ) ; 2 Elective (Direct Patient Care – PHRM670, Indirect Patient Care – PHRM680) [6 X 6 weeks each x 40 hours/week = 1440 hours] **36 credits**

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Course Title</th>
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<td>Total Credits</td>
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</table>

**Total Curriculum Credits = 141**

* = Without regard to semester; IPPE = Introductory Pharmacy Practice Experience

** = Elective requirement is 8 credits of which a minimum of 50% must be earned from non-independent study, JCP-approved elective offerings.
**Credit Hour Policy**

Within JCP, credit hours are counted as follows:
- 1 hour in the classroom per week = 1 credit hour
- 3 hours in the laboratory per week = 1 credit hour
- 3 hours in a clinical experience per week = 1 credit hour

In the Advanced Pharmacy Practice Experiences, 40 hours per week X 6 weeks = 6 credit hours

**Grading System**

At the close of an academic term, each instructor assigns a letter grade indicating the quality of a student’s work in the course. The following is the grading system used in JCP, including the quality points assigned for use in the calculation of the grade point average (GPA).

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**GRADES NOT CALCULATED IN THE GRADE POINT AVERAGE (GPA)**

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<td>P</td>
<td>Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>Transfer Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W/WP/WF</td>
<td>Withdrawal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*An earned grade of F or WF in any IPPE or APPE course IS calculated into the GPA as 1 credit (IPPE) or 6 credits (APPE) of zero quality points.
**Grade Point Average Calculation**

The grade point average (GPA) is computed in the following manner:

1. Multiply the number of Quality Points for each grade by the Credit Hour value assigned to each course attempted.
2. Divide the sum of these products by the total number of credits attempted.

The cumulative GPA is based on the grades earned in all courses taken and applied towards Completion of the Doctor of Pharmacy degree.

Information regarding academic progression in the PharmD program including successful completion of courses, progression to the subsequent academic year and meeting requirements for the Doctor of Pharmacy degree are found in the JCP Academic Progression Standards in the next section (Academic Policies) of the Handbook.

**Repeated Courses**

If a student must repeat a course (see JCP Academic Standards below), the initial credits attempted, credits earned and quality points are all included in the calculation of the cumulative GPA. The repeated course grade also appears on the transcript and is averaged into the student’s semester and cumulative GPA.

**GPA Calculations for Those Previously Enrolled in Other Jefferson Programs**

For any student previously enrolled in another TJU degree program who is admitted to a second degree program at TJU, their cumulative GPA for the second program is computed only on the grades earned in courses taken after the completion of the first program.
**Coursework and Course Syllabi**
Each JCP course is required to have a detailed course syllabus which is posted on the Course page within BbLearn prior to the start of each semester. This important document includes course objectives, schedule, course policies and a description of how student performance is assessed. The student is responsible for being familiar with all of the content included in the course syllabus and adherence to all course policies. This includes but is not limited to, policies regarding attendance, absences, exams, make-ups, and assignments, as outlined in each respective course syllabi. See Academic Policies in next section for additional information.

**Posting of Assessment Results**
Each course has its own Bb shell. Assessment results, including exam and course grades, are posted to the Gradebook on that course’s page. Please see individual course syllabi for further details. Final course grades will be posted to Banner Web.
**Curriculum Outcomes**

Upon completion of the Doctor of Pharmacy program students will exhibit the following characteristics in order to function as effective members of the health care team in the provision of patient-centered and population-based care.

- The knowledge, understanding and application of the biomedical sciences, pharmaceutical sciences, social/behavioral/administrative sciences, and clinical sciences.
- The ability to think critically and problem solve.
- Effective communication through both written and verbal means.
- The highest level of professional, legal, and ethical behavior.
- The professional acumen to identify and analyze emerging health-related issues.
- A working knowledge of how legislation, regulations and related programs affect the practice of pharmacy.

**Evaluation of Curricular Outcomes**

**Outcomes Assessment**

Rubrics (presented on subsequent pages) have been developed by the faculty to evaluate the curricular outcomes of written communications, verbal communications, and critical thinking and problem solving. Students will be asked to perform a self-assessment of their personal level of skill in each of these areas, relative to expected level of performance in that particular academic year, at the start of each academic year. The rubrics have been developed such that the expectations are further elevated in each subsequent year of the Program.

Students are encouraged to perform a less formal self-assessment of their abilities related to both curricular outcomes and study skills for discussion with their academic advisor.

**Student Evaluations of Courses**

Students are expected to complete evaluations of all JCP courses. These tools allow students to provide their own assessment of how well the courses meet the stated objectives (related to curricular outcomes) and provide the faculty with valuable feedback regarding course delivery, content and assessment techniques. More information regarding student course evaluations are included in the Section titled General Statements/ Policies Applicable to Program.

**Pharmacy Curriculum Outcomes Assessment (PCOA)®**

The PCOA is a valid and reliable assessment of student competence in the four broad curricular domains of the didactic curriculum required of all ACPE-accredited programs. All JCP P3 students are required to take the PCOA® exam at the conclusion of their Spring semester. This exam is a 220-item multiple choice web-based electronic assessment that is administered nationally. The exam, developed by the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy (NABP) encompasses the major content areas identified in the ACPE Accreditation Standards. These areas include: basic biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical sciences; social, behavioral, and administrative pharmacy sciences; and clinical sciences. JCP’s participation in this national exam provides us with benchmarking data and information to identify areas of curricular strength and areas for which improvement may be needed.

**Rubrics**

The JCP rubrics evaluating student progress in the skill areas of written communication, verbal communication, and critical thinking/problem solving were developed using an iterative process and with the input of practitioners and faculty. These rubrics will serve to provide students with specific feedback relative to the elements that contribute to the achievement of each of these curricular outcomes. They will serve to provide the faculty in JCP with feedback relative to the effectiveness of the curriculum. The following pages illustrate the rubric that will be used, in whole or in part, throughout the first 3 years of the curriculum.
**VERBAL COMMUNICATION – P1**

The elements contributing to the curricular outcome of verbal communication will be evaluated using the scale provided. For each element, please place the number in the box that best describes the student’s performance. Identify the student’s overall performance below with commentary as necessary and provide feedback for all elements for which a 0 or 1 is earned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
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<th>NA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Presentation Style</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Transition and flow</td>
<td>Presentation lacks any transitions and lacks logical flow.</td>
<td>Presentation includes the poor use of transitions and demonstrates significant gaps in logical flow.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Use of verbal distractors</td>
<td>Excessive use of verbal distractors (e.g., ahs, ums, ok) to the extent that the impact of the presentation is lost.</td>
<td>Moderate use of verbal distractors (e.g., ahs, ums, ok) to the extent that the impact of the presentation is diminished.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. Pace</td>
<td>Inappropriate pace (i.e., too fast or too slow) throughout the entire presentation.</td>
<td>Appropriate pace through &lt;50% of the presentation.</td>
<td>Appropriate pace through 50-75% of the presentation.</td>
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<td><strong>Presentation Content</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Terminology</td>
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<td>Moderate use of inappropriate terminology.</td>
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<td>8. Audience comprehension</td>
<td>Student fails to recognize when the audience does not understand.</td>
<td>Student partially recognizes when the audience does not understand but fails to make appropriate adjustments.</td>
<td>Student partially recognizes when the audience does not understand and attempts to make appropriate adjustments.</td>
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<td>10. Information accuracy</td>
<td>Potentially harmful information presented OR completely inaccurate information provided.</td>
<td>Mostly inaccurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td>Mostly accurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td>Accurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
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<td>11. Synthesis of evidence</td>
<td>The work lacks a conclusion.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is contrary to the evidence presented or new evidence is presented in the conclusion.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not entirely supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is consistent with evidence presented.</td>
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VERBAL COMMUNICATION – P2
The elements contributing to the curricular outcome of verbal communication will be evaluated using the scale provided. For each element, please place the number in the box that best describes the student’s performance. Identify the student’s overall performance below with commentary as necessary and provide feedback for all elements for which a 0 or 1 is earned.

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<td>8. Audience comprehension</td>
<td>Student partially recognizes when the audience does not understand but fails to make appropriate adjustments.</td>
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<tr>
<td>1. Transition and flow</td>
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<td>Presentation includes the occasional use of smooth transitions and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td>Presentation includes the frequent use of smooth transitions and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td>Entire presentation includes the use of smooth transitions and flows logically.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Use of verbal distractors</td>
<td>Moderate use of verbal distractors (e.g., ahs, ums, ok) but the impact of the presentation is preserved.</td>
<td>Minimal, but noticeable, use of verbal distractors (e.g., ahs, ums, ok).</td>
<td>Use of verbal distractors (e.g., ahs, ums, ok) not noticeable.</td>
<td>Presentation is completely devoid of the use of verbal distractors (e.g., ahs, ums, ok).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Pace</td>
<td>Inappropriate pace (i.e., too fast or too slow) throughout the entire presentation.</td>
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<td>Minimal use of nonverbal distractors (e.g., swaying, inappropriate posture, inappropriate laser pointer use), but not noticeable.</td>
<td>Presentation is completely devoid of the use of nonverbal distractors (e.g., swaying, inappropriate posture, inappropriate laser pointer use).</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Eye contact</td>
<td>Maintains eye contact and scans the audience through &lt;50% of the presentation.</td>
<td>Maintains eye contact and scans the audience through 50-75% of the presentation.</td>
<td>Maintains eye contact and scans the audience through 76-99% of the presentation.</td>
<td>Maintains eye contact and scans the audience throughout the entire presentation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Terminology</td>
<td>Excessive use of inappropriate terminology.</td>
<td>Moderate use of inappropriate terminology.</td>
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<tr>
<td>9. Pertinence of Information</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>50-75% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>76-99% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>All material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Information accuracy</td>
<td>Potentially harmful information presented OR completely inaccurate information provided.</td>
<td>Mostly inaccurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td>Mostly accurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
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<td>11. Synthesis of evidence</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is contrary to the evidence presented or new evidence is presented in the conclusion.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not entirely supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is consistent with evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is consistent with evidence presented and incorporates knowledge from the clinical, social, and/or administrative sciences as applicable (e.g., cost issues, quality of life, mortality, etc.).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WRITTEN COMMUNICATION – P1
The elements contributing to the curricular outcome of written communication will be evaluated using the scale provided. For each element, please place the number in the box that best describes the student’s performance. Identify the student’s overall performance below with commentary as necessary and provide feedback for all elements for which a 0 or 1 is earned.

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Writing Proficiency</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Proper grammar</td>
<td>Three or more grammatical errors present.</td>
<td>Two grammatical errors present.</td>
<td>One grammatical error present.</td>
<td>Complete absence of grammatical errors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Accurate spelling</td>
<td>Three or more spelling errors present.</td>
<td>Two spelling errors present.</td>
<td>One spelling error present.</td>
<td>Complete absence of spelling errors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Transition and flow</td>
<td>Written work lacks any transitions and lacks logical flow.</td>
<td>Written work includes the use of smooth transitions &lt;50% of the time and demonstrates significant gaps in logical flow.</td>
<td>Written work includes the use of smooth transitions &gt;50% of the time and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td>Written work includes the use of smooth transitions &gt;50% of the time and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Reference format</td>
<td>No references are present.</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>50-75% or less of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Reference citation</td>
<td>No references are present.</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are accurately cited within the document.</td>
<td>50-75% of the references are accurately cited within the document.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are accurately cited within the document.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writing Content</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Reference relevance</td>
<td>None of the references are related to the topic.</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are related to the topic OR &lt;=50% of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>50-75% or less of the references are related to the topic OR 75% or less of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are related to the topic OR 76-99% of the critical references are included.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Reference Credibility</td>
<td>None of the references are credible.</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are credible.</td>
<td>50-75% of the references are credible.</td>
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<td>8. Terminology</td>
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<td>Written work lacks a conclusion.</td>
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WRITTEN COMMUNICATION – P2
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<td>Written work includes the use of smooth transitions 76-99% of the time and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Reference format</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>50-75% or less of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>All references are in the correct format.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Reference citation</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are accurately cited.</td>
<td>50-75% of the references are accurately cited.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are accurately cited within the document.</td>
<td>All references are accurately cited within the document.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Writing Content</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Reference relevance</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are related to the topic OR &lt;50% of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>50-75% or less of the references are related to the topic OR 51-75% or less of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are related to the topic OR 76-99% of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>All references are related to the topic and all critical references are included.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Reference credibility</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are credible.</td>
<td>50-75% of the references are credible.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are credible.</td>
<td>All references are credible.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Terminology</td>
<td>Excessive use of inappropriate terminology.</td>
<td>Moderate use of inappropriate terminology.</td>
<td>Mostly appropriate level of terminology used throughout.</td>
<td>Appropriate level of terminology used throughout.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Pertinence of Information</td>
<td>&lt;25% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>25-49% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>50-75% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>&gt;75% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Information accuracy</td>
<td>Potentially harmful information presented OR completely inaccurate information provided.</td>
<td>Mostly inaccurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td>Mostly accurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td>Accurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Synthesis of evidence</td>
<td>Written work lacks a conclusion.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is contrary to the evidence presented or new evidence is presented in the conclusion.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not entirely supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is consistent with evidence presented.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**WRITTEN COMMUNICATION – P3**

The elements contributing to the curricular outcome of written communication will be evaluated using the scale provided. For each element, please place the number in the box that best describes the student’s performance. Identify the student’s overall performance below with commentary as necessary and provide feedback for all elements for which a 0 or 1 is earned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>NA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Writing Proficiency</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Proper grammar</td>
<td>Three or more grammatical errors present.</td>
<td>Two grammatical errors present.</td>
<td>One grammatical error present.</td>
<td>Complete absence of grammatical errors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Accurate spelling</td>
<td>Three or more spelling errors present.</td>
<td>Two spelling errors present.</td>
<td>One spelling error present.</td>
<td>Complete absence of spelling errors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Transition and flow</td>
<td>Written work includes the use of smooth transitions &lt;50% of the time and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td>Written work includes the use of smooth transitions 50-75% of the time and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td>Written work includes the use of smooth transitions 76-99% of the time and flows logically for most of it.</td>
<td>Entire written work includes the use of smooth transitions and flows logically.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Reference format</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>50-75% or less of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are in the correct format.</td>
<td>All references are in the correct format.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Reference citation</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are accurately cited.</td>
<td>50-75% of the references are accurately cited.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are accurately cited within the document.</td>
<td>All references are accurately cited within the document.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Writing Content</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Reference relevance</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are related to the topic OR &lt;50% of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>50-75% or less of the references are related to the topic OR 51-75% or less of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are related to the topic OR 76-99% of the critical references are included.</td>
<td>All references are related to the topic and all critical references are included.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Reference credibility</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the references are credible.</td>
<td>50-75% of the references are credible.</td>
<td>76-99% of the references are credible.</td>
<td>All references are credible.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Terminology</td>
<td>Excessive use of inappropriate terminology.</td>
<td>Moderate use of inappropriate terminology.</td>
<td>Mostly appropriate level of terminology used throughout.</td>
<td>Appropriate level of terminology used throughout.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Pertinence of information</td>
<td>&lt;50% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>50-75% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>76-99% of the material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td>All material presented is essential to the topic and objectives.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Information accuracy</td>
<td>Potentially harmful information presented OR completely inaccurate information provided.</td>
<td>Mostly inaccurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td>Mostly accurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td>Accurate information provided throughout the presentation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Synthesis of evidence</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is contrary to the evidence presented or new evidence is presented in the conclusion.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not entirely supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is consistent with evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is consistent with evidence presented and incorporates knowledge from the clinical, social, and/or administrative sciences as applicable (e.g., cost issues, quality of life, mortality, etc.).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CRITICAL THINKING / PROBLEM SOLVING – P1
The elements contributing to the curricular outcome of critical thinking / problem solving will be evaluated using the scale provided. For each element, please place the number in the box that best describes the student’s performance. Identify the student’s overall performance below with commentary as necessary and provide feedback for all elements for which a 0 or 1 is earned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>NA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Problem identification</td>
<td>Identifies &lt;50% of the major problems.</td>
<td>Identifies 50-75% of the major problem(s) independently or with assistance.</td>
<td>Independently identifies 76-99% of the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently identifies all major problem(s).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Problem prioritization</td>
<td>Prioritizes &lt;50% of the major problems.</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes 50-75% of the major problem(s) OR requires assistance in prioritizing the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes 76-99% of the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes all major problem(s).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Identifies solutions</td>
<td>Identifies &lt;50% of the possible solutions.</td>
<td>Independently identifies 50-75% of the possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings OR requires assistance in identifying solutions.</td>
<td>Independently identifies 76-99% of the possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings.</td>
<td>Independently identifies all possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Evidence evaluation</td>
<td>Fails to identify appropriate evidence.</td>
<td>Requires assistance in identifying appropriate evidence OR inaccurately evaluates the evidence.</td>
<td>Independently identifies appropriate evidence but provides only a partial, accurate evaluation of it.</td>
<td>Independently identifies appropriate evidence and accurately evaluates it.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Support for conclusion(s)</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is contrary to the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not entirely supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>The rationale to the solution(s) is consistent with evidence presented.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CRITICAL THINKING / PROBLEM SOLVING – P2
The elements contributing to the curricular outcome of critical thinking / problem solving will be evaluated using the scale provided. For each element, please place the number in the box that best describes the student’s performance. Identify the student’s overall performance below with commentary as necessary and provide feedback for all elements for which a 0 or 1 is earned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
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<th>3</th>
<th>NA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Problem identification</td>
<td>Identifies &lt;50% of the major problems.</td>
<td>Identifies 50-75% of the major problem(s) independently or with assistance.</td>
<td>Independently identifies 76-99% of the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently identifies all major problem(s).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Problem prioritization</td>
<td>Prioritizes &lt;50% of the major problems.</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes 50-75% of the major problem(s) OR requires assistance in prioritizing the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes 76-99% of the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes all major problem(s).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Identifies solutions</td>
<td>Identifies &lt;50% of the possible solutions.</td>
<td>Independently identifies 50-75% of the possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings OR requires assistance in identifying solutions.</td>
<td>Independently identifies 76-99% of the possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings.</td>
<td>Independently identifies all possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Evidence evaluation</td>
<td>Fails to identify appropriate evidence.</td>
<td>Requires assistance in identifying appropriate evidence OR inaccurately evaluates the evidence.</td>
<td>Independently identifies appropriate evidence but provides only a partial, accurate evaluation of it.</td>
<td>Independently identifies appropriate evidence and accurately evaluates it.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Support for conclusion(s)</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is contrary to the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not entirely supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>The rationale to the solution(s) is consistent with evidence presented.</td>
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<th>3</th>
<th>NA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Problem identification</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independently identifies &lt;75% of the major problem(s) OR requires assistance in identifying the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently identifies 76-99% of the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently identifies all major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently identifies all problems, incorporating knowledge from the clinical, social, and/or administrative sciences as applicable (e.g., cost issues, quality of life, mortality, etc.).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Problem prioritization</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Independently prioritizes 76-99% of the major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes all major problem(s).</td>
<td>Independently prioritizes all problems, incorporating knowledge from the clinical, social, and/or administrative sciences as applicable (e.g., cost issues, quality of life, mortality, etc.).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Identifies solutions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independently identifies &lt;75% of the possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings OR requires assistance in identifying solutions.</td>
<td>Independently identifies 76-99% of the possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings.</td>
<td>Independently identifies all possible solutions without considering situation and/or case-specific findings.</td>
<td>Independently identifies all plausible situation and/or case-specific solutions.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Evidence evaluation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fails to identify or requires assistance in identifying appropriate evidence OR inaccurately evaluates or fails to evaluate the evidence.</td>
<td>Independently identifies appropriate evidence but provides only a partial, accurate evaluation of it.</td>
<td>Independently identifies appropriate evidence and accurately evaluates it.</td>
<td>Independently identifies the most appropriate evidence and accurately evaluates it.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Support for conclusion(s)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall conclusion is contrary to the evidence presented.</td>
<td>Overall conclusion is not entirely supported by the evidence presented.</td>
<td>The rationale to the solution(s) is consistent with evidence presented.</td>
<td>The rationale to the solution(s) is consistent with evidence presented and incorporates knowledge from the clinical, social, and/or administrative sciences as applicable (e.g., cost issues, quality of life, mortality, etc.).</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Student Academic and Professional Support
Academic Advising for PharmD Students
Mission Statement:
The mission of the JCP student advisement program is to provide assistance to students toward attainment of academic and professional goals.

Advising Outcomes
As a result of the advising process, students will be able to:
- Understand and follow academic and administrative policies and procedures
- Take responsibility for making academic decisions
- Create a plan to enhance their pharmacy education experience via the Student Pharmacist Enrichment Program (SPEP)
- As needed, access University or other services for their personal support
- Self-evaluate their interests and abilities to formulate a realistic direction for a career pathway in pharmacy

General Description:
Student advisement is a shared responsibility among the advisor, student, and Administration of the College of Pharmacy. The College expects that students will meet at minimum annually with their respective advisor.

Advisors will have approximately 8-10 students randomly assigned to them. Students will stay with the same advisor until graduation unless the student request a change in writing to the Associate Dean for Student Affairs or the faculty advisor departs JCP.

The faculty advisor is to maintain an interactive attitude characterized by open communication, supportive counseling, and compassionate listening. Faculty advisors will also function as referral agents when the problems of students require assistance beyond the ability of the advisor, for example professional intervention and assistance.

College of Pharmacy Responsibilities:
It is the responsibility of the College of Pharmacy to ensure that the faculty provide accurate information and effective advice to students. The College is responsible for:
- assuring advisement sessions are extended each semester
- maintaining records of students' academic progress and advising conferences
- providing the resources necessary for the maintenance of an effective advisement network
- providing students, faculty, and other advising staff with accurate information in the Student Handbook and other publications
- providing feedback on the advisees engagement in the SPEP program

Student Responsibilities:
Students are ultimately responsible for knowing and fulfilling all requirements for graduation, as stated in the University Catalog. In order to meet that goal they are responsible for:
- attending the Orientation program for the College of Pharmacy as an entering student.
- taking full advantage of the opportunities for student advisement provided by the College of Pharmacy.
- conferring with an advisor on a regular basis; a minimum of once every semester.
- maintaining their own personal academic records including the University Catalog of their term of admission, transcripts, degree audits, evaluation of transfer work, and notes of previous advisement sessions.
- evaluating the student advisement system
Additional student responsibilities include:

- routinely meet with the faculty advisor, share good news as well as issues that need to be resolved.
- respond to all requests to meet made by of the faculty advisor.
- be honest when sharing information.
- all discussions are confidential. Be aware that there are limits to confidentiality, e.g., sexual harassment incidents must be reported by the advisor to the appropriate administrator.
- inform the advisor about your academic progress, interest, career goals, and generally how you are managing everything. Advisors are interested in you;
- ask questions to the advisor, even if the question is "where may I learn more about…." 
- take responsibility for your life and your actions. Faculty advisors are here to give advice, encouragement, work with you to identify problems, and help when appropriate to refer to others for more assistance.

Be considerate of the time faculty devote to help you make the most of your learning experience. Arrange meetings ahead of time when you can, but do not be hesitant to communicate by phone, email or personally if you need more immediate assistance.

Student Preparation for the Advisement Session:

In order to make the best use of the advisement session, it is important to come to the appointment prepared. Here are some tips to help plan for the advising appointment:

- **Bring a list of your questions or topics to your advising appointment.** Think about the big picture, don’t just think about what you need to do to get through the semester, think about how your choices will impact your future and your career.
- **Academic advising is more than preparing your schedule for the upcoming semester.** Feel free to discuss academic and other professional matters with your advisor. To get the most out of your advising relationship, get to know your advisor and let your advisor get to know you. Be willing to identify and discuss your difficulties and come up with ideas for addressing them. Then follow up on the plan you and your advisor agree upon. Your advisor is also interested in hearing about your successes!
- **Learn the College of Pharmacy curriculum and policies.** Your advisor is here to help you navigate your way through your education. Ultimately, it is your responsibility to make sure that you are meeting all requirements and policies required by JCP. If you don’t understand something, ask!

**Advisor as a potential resource for information.** Your advisor works hard to understand the services available to you within the College of Pharmacy and university. Because advisors try to discuss more than course schedules with students, your advisor can be your resource to navigating the campus. If you feel overwhelmed or you are having any trouble, ask for advice. Your advisor will help identify support services available.
**Classroom Materials and Handouts**
Blackboard Learn (Bb Learn) is the repository for classroom-related materials, handouts, and assignments. Such materials and handouts will not be provided by faculty in the classroom; rather, it is the responsibility of the student to electronically access these items and use them in class as they so choose.

**Course Attendance**
Consistent attendance in class, for all laboratory and clinical experiences, and for all course assessments (including, but not limited to, examinations), reflects professional behavior. It is expected that students attend and participate in all such events. See **Course Attendance and Missed Coursework** policy regarding excused absences and make-up procedures.

**Lecture Recordings**
Select courses delivered in JCP’s Doctor of Pharmacy program utilize the lecture recording system. Lecture recordings are not intended to replace attendance in class as this is not a distance education program. Recordings are available only to students enrolled in the course and are typically available to students up to the time of graduation. When course content changes and is updated in subsequent years, such updates are not applied to the original lecture recording postings. JCP is not responsible for technical issues that may prevent a recording from occurring.

**Student Evaluations of Courses and Faculty**
Completion of each Course Evaluation is a component of professionalism. Students are responsible for the completion of the evaluation by the specified date; failure to do so will result in a 2% deduction from the final overall course grade. All evaluations are posted to the class Bb Learn Community page and notification regarding these is sent out by the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs.

It is the professional responsibility of all students to participate in the end-of-semester faculty evaluations as they are posted throughout and at the end of the semester. The feedback provided to course coordinators and faculty is of extreme importance in JCP’s continuous quality improvement. It is expected that students will voice their comments and criticisms in a constructive manner and positive tone. It should be noted that the expression of criticism or problems through the use of abusive language or disruptive behavior directed toward a class or an instructor is inconsistent with the demeanor aspiring professionals should be seeking to develop and will not be considered in the review of the course.

**Cell Phone/Personal Electronic Device/Laptop Computer Use in Class Policy**
Students may carry cell phones and have them turned on during class and while at off-campus sites in the event that the Jeff ALERT system is activated. It is requested, however, that they remain in a silent mode, i.e., vibrate, quiet, etc. in order to minimize any distraction that they may cause. Use of cell phones (e.g., taking phone calls, instant or text-messaging, video recording of lectures) during class is strongly discouraged as a courtesy to your colleagues and the faculty facilitating learning in the classroom.

As stipulated in the JCP Exam Policy and Procedure, use of cell phones/pagers, smart watches or other personal electronic devices (except those used for exams) are prohibited during exams or other structured assessments. At these times, other mechanisms of alerting the class regarding emergencies would be implemented.

As a courtesy to faculty and peers, any technology device brought to class and utilized during class should be for the sole purpose of accessing direct course or related material. All other use should be refrained from during the duration of the course. Faculty reserve the right to request no technology access, that technology be put aside, and/or remove individuals deemed disruptive to the course.
**Campus Key**
Jefferson will issue each student a campus-key (your user name to access restricted content) and an email account. The campus-key will be used to access course content (on Pulse/Bb), library resources (Jeffline), Banner (registration, official grades, contact information), and email.

**Jefferson E-mail**
It is the responsibility of all students to check their jefferson.edu e-mail account on a regular basis and outside of scheduled class time. It is strongly recommended that this account be checked daily during the work week. E-mail is the primary mode of communication for official University and College announcements as well as for course-specific correspondence. While on clinical rotations (IPPEs or APPEs), TJU students should never use email (Jefferson.edu or any other email account) for transmission of patient communications or any protected health information. (TJU policy 126.05 TJU)

**Withdrawal from the College**
A student may initiate withdrawal from JCP by due notice if not subject to dismissal because of failure or disciplinary action. If a withdrawal is initiated, the same procedures and policies pertaining to grading of individual course withdrawals will be in effect.

In order to withdraw, the student must obtain a Student Status Change Form from the University Office of the Registrar or academic department office. The date that the form is filed, not the date of the last class attendance, is considered the official day of withdrawal.

A student matriculated in the Doctor of Pharmacy degree program who fails to enroll for any academic semester without having been granted a leave of absence will be given an administrative withdrawal at the conclusion of the Drop/Add period for that semester.

A student who withdraws voluntarily from the College must reapply to the Office of Admission to re-enroll. If readmitted, the student is subject to the academic and curricular requirements in place at the time of readmission. NOTE: Students who have been dismissed from JCP and who seek readmission must apply directly to the Dean of the college.
STUDENT ACADEMIC POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
ACADEMIC POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
It is the responsibility of the student to be familiar with and observe the academic policies of the Jefferson College of Pharmacy (JCP) and Thomas Jefferson University.

Community Standards (Copied from TJU University Handbook). The Official Community Standards are online at www.jefferson.edu/handbook. Updates may occur to the Community Standard, students should review the online posting to assure review of the most recent policy.

I. Preamble

The University is committed to providing an atmosphere of academic freedom where students can achieve academic success and personal growth. The Community Standards embody this commitment and establish certain guidelines to coordinate the interactions of individuals in order to create a safe environment which promotes the free and open exchange of ideas for all community members. Students are responsible for knowing their rights and responsibilities stated within the Community Standards.

As members of the University community, individuals have certain rights and responsibilities in addition to the limitations imposed by federal, state, and local laws. In order for our community to thrive, all students and their guests must conduct themselves respectfully, lawfully and responsibly in a manner that preserves the integrity of the learning environment. As befits an institution of higher education, standards of behavior and conduct generally are more demanding than those required of the general public. Students bear responsibility for their own conduct. Students are required to follow a code of behavior consonant with the high standards of professional behavior and the reputation of the University. Standards of professional behavior include honesty, integrity, civility and where possible, assistance to one’s colleagues with problems or in distress where appropriate.

By accepting admission and registration, students accept responsibility for compliance with academic regulations, course syllabi, classroom polices as determined by classroom instructor, the Student Handbook, the Community Standards, University Catalog, College Handbooks, departmental or program specific handbooks and websites, and any other policies, manuals, or guidelines pertaining to any specific operation or program within the University. In addition, students shall comply with all rules and regulations duly established within their respective colleges. Additionally, students must abide by all local, state, and federal laws.

When a student fails to abide by these guidelines, the University may investigate and resolve any concerns through the University student conduct system as described in this document.

II. Student Rights

Thomas Jefferson University recognizes its responsibility to support and uphold the basic freedoms and citizenship rights of all students. Within that context, students have the following rights:

A. Academic Freedom

Because intellectual development is best fostered in an atmosphere of active engagement in the educational process, each faculty member should encourage free discussion, free inquiry and free expression regarding issues within the domain of the instructor’s course or program. Students are free to take reasoned exception to the facts or to views offered in any course of study and to reserve judgment about matters of opinion.
B. Student Records

Thomas Jefferson University complies with The Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) in its maintenance of student records. Each college’s policy statement on FERPA is on file and available in the University Office of the Registrar.

C. Student Organizations

Students are free to organize and join associations that promote their common interests. Organizations that operate in a manner consistent with the University’s mission, regulations and policies, including its non-discrimination policies, and meet the requirements below may be recognized by the University. If recognized, such organizations may seek funding from University sources.

D. Freedom of Inquiry and Expression

1. Students and student within organizations may discuss all questions of interest to them; may express their opinions privately and publicly, so long as they make it clear that they speak only for themselves and not for the University or their college; and may support causes so long as these activities do not violate civil law or rules, policies and procedures of Thomas Jefferson University or their college, or adversely affect the operations of the University.

2. The right of free speech and expression does not include activity that may endanger the safety of any member of this University community or damage any of the University community’s physical facilities, nor does it include any activity that disrupts or obstructs the functions of the University or threatens such disruption or obstruction. Moreover, modes of expression, including, but not limited to, electronic transmissions that are unlawful or indecent or that are offensive on matters such as race, color, national and ethnic origin, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity, sex, age, disability or veteran status are inconsistent with accepted norms of conduct of the University and are subject to the sanctions described in the section on Actions.

E. Rights of Student in the Community Standards Process

Students have the following rights during the Community Standards Process:

1. To request a meeting in writing by email to the assigned Community Standards Officer in which community standards process and procedures are explained. The University reserves the right to mandate such a meeting.

2. To have a fair and impartial hearing.

3. To be presumed not in violation unless found in violation for any charge(s).

4. To advance notice of at least five business days before a hearing is to be conducted.

5. To be informed of all charges prior to a hearing, and in the event of a board hearing review pertinent incident documentation. Documentation that includes information about other individuals may be redacted. Copies of incident documentation are not released to students.
6. To request witnesses to speak in the student’s defense during a hearing panel. The Community Standards Officer may limit witnesses or statements deemed repetitious. Students will be notified of the timeframe required for submitting witness names.

7. To be present at the hearing, except during deliberation. Exceptions may be needed for some witnesses; exceptions will be granted by the Community Standards Officer. A student who does not appear for a hearing is not assumed to be responsible, but the hearing may occur in his or her absence.

8. To have all applicable procedures followed, including the opportunity to invoke any applicable appellate or review procedures.

III. Community Standards

Students enrolled at Thomas Jefferson University are required to follow a code of behavior consonant with the high standards and reputation of the University. Standards of professional behavior include honesty, integrity, civility and, where possible, assistance to one’s colleagues with problems or in distress.

Set forth below is a brief listing of misconduct prohibited by the various standards, policies, and regulations generally governing behavior of community members. This listing is not exhaustive and where appropriate reference is made to where each particular policy can be found in entirety. To the extent that there is any discrepancy between referenced policy documents and the lists below we will defer to the referenced policy documents.

A. Violations of the Academic Integrity Policy

1. Found in the individual college handbooks:

B. Non-academic dishonesty including but not limited to:

1. Providing false, misleading, or misrepresented information to any University official or office.

2. Forgery, alteration, or misuse of documents, or instrument of identification pertinent to the student’s role at the University

C. Violations of the University Alcohol Policy

1. The possession, consumption or manufacture of alcohol by individuals under the legal drinking age under applicable law or the provision, distribution or sale of alcohol to individuals under the legal drinking age under applicable law, or conduct that violates the alcohol policy.

   a. Drug & Alcohol Policy

   b. Student Alcohol Policy

2. Additional rules regarding alcohol are set forth in the Office of Residence Life rules and regulations and in rules governing other University programs.
a. Office of Residence Life
b. Office of Student Life & Engagement

D. Violations of the University Drug Policy

1. The unauthorized or illegal use, possession, manufacture (synthesis or growth), sale, storage, transfer, transportation, or distribution of any controlled substance (including without limitation illegal drugs), or conduct that violates university policy.

   a. Drug & Alcohol Policy

2. Additional rules regarding drug use and possession are set forth in the Office of Residence Life rules and regulations and rules governing other University programs.

   a. Office of Residence Life

E. Harassment

1. Verbal, physical, electronic, or other conduct which denigrates or shows hostility on the basis of membership in a protected class with the purpose or effect of creating a hostile environment or unreasonably interfering with an individual’s work or educational opportunities.

2. Sexual Harassment: Student Sexual Misconduct Policy

3. Violation of the University’s policy on the use of electronic and other recording devices

4. Active discrimination based on any characteristic protected by law including but not limited to race, color, sex, age, religion, national origin, marital status, sexual orientation, disability, veteran status, or any other protected status.

5. Retaliation against an individual who has made a good faith complaint

F. Abuse of, assault and/or battery upon, or threat of force or violence against any member of the University community.

1. Physical abuse or assault or placing another in reasonable apprehension thereof;

2. Expressed or implied threats and/or intimidation including bullying

3. Verbal Abuse: use of language to undermine an individual’s dignity and security through insults and/or humiliation in an persistent or pervasive manner

G. Violations of the Sexual Misconduct Policy

1. Sexual Misconduct Policy
H. Actual or attempted unauthorized possession or misappropriation of any property of the University, a member of the University community, or other personal, public, or intellectual property, either on or off campus.

I. Abuse, malicious misuse, damage, destruction, or vandalism to public property, private property, University property, or property permanently or temporarily located on campus.

J. Unauthorized entry into, use of, occupation of, or obstruction of any University facilities (including computing networks), buildings, structures or part thereof at any time anywhere on any Jefferson property.

K. Intentional obstruction or disruption of teaching, research, administration, disciplinary procedures, other University activities or other activities authorized to take place on University property or creation of an unreasonable risk of harm to any member of the University community (including on premises owned or controlled by the enterprise or premises on which students pursue activities in their roles as students of the University).

L. Disorderly conduct, including acts which breach the peace and/or are lewd, indecent, or obscene.

M. Failure to comply with the reasonable directions of University, local, state, or federal officials performing official duties including, but not limited to:

1. Falsification of or failure to provide personal identification when requested by an authorized official or faculty member of the University
2. Failure to complete assigned conduct sanctions
3. Failure to vacate any premises when requested

N. Violations of the Weapons policy

1. Possession of weapons on campus including, but not limited to, firearms of any kind, nunchucks, klackers, kung fu sticks (or any other similar weapon consisting of two sticks of wood, plastic, or metal connected at one end by a length of rope, chain, wire or leather), shuriken (or any other similar pointed star-like objects intended to injure a person when thrown), knives (other than eating utensils), cap guns, air guns, ammunition and explosives (or explosive chemicals), among other dangerous weapons or substances.

2. [Weapons Policy]

O. Being complicit in any act which violates the community standards.

P. Violations of any other duly established rules, regulations or policies of the University including but not limited to:

1. University, College, and departmental/program policies
2. All rules governing University facilities, programs or services including but not limited to:
   a. [Academic Policies]
b. Financial Policies

c. Housing and Residence Life Policies and procedures

d. Student Life and Engagement policies and procedures

Q. Violations of statutes, laws, ordinances and/or regulations locally, state, federal and/or any other jurisdictions in which the University resides.

R. Failure to safeguard confidential information including but not limited to:

1. Sharing of computer ID or password.
2. Accessing medical records computer based or otherwise for purposes unrelated to personal responsibility for patient care.
3. Accessing or sharing confidential information of another student.
4. Violation of the HIPAA Privacy Policy (#122.0)

S. When a student fails to abide by these guidelines, the University will investigate and resolve any concerns through the University student conduct system as described below.

IV. Organization of the Conduct System

A. Filing a Complaint

Any individual (“Complainant”) wishing to initiate a formal complaint against a Thomas Jefferson University student (“Respondent”) should refer to the chart below for reporting information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>College(s)</th>
<th>Complaint</th>
<th>Contact Person</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jefferson Colleges of Nursing, Health Professions, Pharmacy, Population Health, or Biomedical Sciences</td>
<td>Community Standards Violation</td>
<td>Office of Student Affairs, 215-503-6335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sexual Misconduct Policy Violation</td>
<td>Deputy Title IX Coordinator, Center City: Nannette Vliet, Associate Dean, Jefferson College of Health Professions, 215-503-7941</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College of Architecture &amp; The Build Environment, Kanbar College of Design, Engineering &amp; Commerce, College of Science, Health, and the Liberal Arts, School of Continuing &amp; Professional Studies</td>
<td>Academic Integrity Violation</td>
<td>College Dean or Office of Student Affairs, 215-503-6335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Community Standards Violation</td>
<td>Dean of Students Office, 215-951-2805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sexual Misconduct Policy Violation</td>
<td>Title IX Coordinator: Zoe Gingold, 215-951-2733</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
While prompt reporting may aid an investigation, there is no time limit imposed as to when a formal complaint may be initiated against a current student, provided he/she was a Thomas Jefferson University student at the time of the alleged incident. Any passage of time may decrease the efficacy of an investigation.

The Dean of Students Office, Provost's Office, or the designee of either office reserves the right to pursue disciplinary action on behalf of the University and serve as the Complainant and to initiate or pursue an action.

In addition to the above general guidelines for filing a complaint within the University, procedures specific to reporting mechanisms and the resolution of allegations of sexual misconduct are described in the Student Sexual Misconduct Policy.

B. Disciplinary Actions

1. Written Warning or Reprimand: A written notice to the student that he or she is violating or has violated The Community Standards, and that such conduct will not be tolerated within the University community.

2. Educational Activity: An educational sanction is a required activity that is intended to engage the student in a positive learning experience related to the student’s inappropriate behavior. An educational sanction may include, but is not limited to: (1) writing a reflection paper (2) performing community service on and/or off campus; (3) attending programs or workshops at the student’s own expense; (4) drug or alcohol counseling.

3. Loss of Privileges: Denial or restriction of specified privileges or use of specified facilities for a designated period of time.

4. Fines and/or Restitution: Compensation for loss, damage or injury through the payment of money or through appropriate work requirement related to the offense.

5. Referral to Community Standards Board: If a Community Standards Officer feels a violation needs further review or suspension or expulsion might be an appropriate sanction the case will be referred to the Community Standards Board.

6. Report to the College or School in which the student resides for appropriate disciplinary action.
7. Disciplinary Hold: Restricts a student’s ability to conduct the following nonexclusive list of activities: register for classes, drop or add classes, receive a diploma, participate in experiential learning (clinical, internships, etc.), and have access to grades. Disciplinary hold will be used if a student receives sanctions based on a finding that he/she was in violation of a University policy but has not completed the sanctions.

8. Parental Notification: The University may notify parents/guardians if a student under the age of 21 is found responsible for an alcohol and/or illegal drug violation. The purpose of this practice is to both keep parents informed and to help provide students additional assistance as they cope with the consequences of their actions. The parental notification recommends to parents that if they haven’t, to have a conversation with their student about the events that have precipitated this incident.

9. Housing Actions
   a. Room/building reassignment: Immediate relocation of the student to another campus residence.
   b. Termination of the Housing Agreement; removal from campus residence halls and/or restriction from access to campus housing.
   c. Restriction of access to housing or loss of privileges in housing

10. Probation: Probation is for a designated period of time and includes the probability of more severe judicial sanctions if the student is found to be in violation of The Community Standards during a probationary period. Some University programs and activities consider a student’s probationary status when determining their eligibility for participating in the program/activity (for example study abroad, or varsity athletic competition).

11. Suspension: Removal from classes and other privileges or activities as a student for a designated period of time. A suspended student must turn in campus photo ID, University keys, and all other University property at the time the suspension goes into effect. Students on suspension lose all privileges of enrolled students and there may be financial repercussions when removed from the institution. The University may specify conditions prior to reinstatement.

12. Expulsion: Permanent removal from classes and other privileges or activities as a student. Expelled students must turn in their campus photo ID, University keys, and all other University property at the time expulsion goes into effect and are no longer part of University.

C. Community Standards Officers and Administrative Hearings

The Community Standards are implemented by a system composed of several officials at the institution called Community Standards Officers and the Community Standards Board. The following members of the university community are Community Standards Officers:

1. Associate Provost, Student Affairs
2. Assistant Provost, Student Affairs
3. Dean of Students
4. Associate Dean of Students
5. College Deans

6. College Associate Deans

7. Housing and Residence Life Directors

8. Housing Assistant Directors

9. Area Coordinators

10. Residence Coordinators

11. Other Student Affairs Staff Members as designated by the Offices of the Provost or Dean of Students

When a report of the violation of the Community Standards is received the University will determine if the violation is referred to an administrative hearing or the Community Standards Board. An administrative hearing involves a meeting between the Community Standards Officer, or a committee assigned by the Community Standards Officer, and the student charged with a violation of the Community Standards (respondent). While there may be disciplinary actions imposed following an administrative hearing the purpose is to be educational, corrective, and developmental. Administrative hearings will not be utilized in cases where the student could be suspended or expelled from the institution. In those situations the case will be referred to the Community Standards Board.

To begin the administrative hearing process the Community Standards Officer will meet with the respondent. The respondent will then have the opportunity to present their side of the situation and either take responsibility or not take responsibility for the alleged violation. If necessary, the Community Standards Officer may conduct an investigation and meet with the reporter of the violation, witnesses and others involved and obtain and review relevant information. The Community Standards Officer will determine whether the respondent is responsible for the alleged Community Standards violation, and, if so, issue appropriate actions. If the respondent is not satisfied with the outcome of an administrative hearing he/she has the ability to appeal the decision. See section E:6 for information about the appeal process.

D. Boards and Hearing Panels

1. Community Standards Board

The Community Standards Board hears non-sexual misconduct cases involving alleged violations of the Community Standards. The board is made up of faculty, administration, and students from the institution.

When a Community Standards case needs to be heard a hearing panel will be compiled. Panels are comprised of, at minimum, three administrative/faculty Community Standards Board members and two student Community Standards Board members. During summer session or semester breaks, any three Community Standards Board members may hear a case.

2. Sexual Misconduct Board

The Sexual Misconduct Board hears complaints of alleged violations of The Student Sexual Misconduct Policy. The board is made up of a pool of faculty and staff specifically trained in matters related to sexual misconduct and is advised by the Title IX Coordinator. When a
Sexual Misconduct case needs to be heard a hearing panel will be compiled. Panels are comprised of five Sexual Misconduct Board members. In cases of dismissal for SKMC students, the decision of the Sexual Misconduct Board is delivered to the Community Standards Board for final review.

3. Academic Integrity Boards

- For students on the East Falls campus the Academic Integrity Board hears alleged violations of the Academic Integrity Policy referred by faculty members at the East Falls Campus. Composition: three faculty members from The Student Experience Committee; three student representatives selected by the Director of Judicial Affairs; and a presiding officer (the Chair of the Student Experience Committee or faculty delegate). The Committee is advised by the Dean of Students Office.

- For students on the Center City Campus issues of Academic Integrity will be heard by the Community Standards Board, the composition of which is described above.

4. Additional participants in the Hearing Panel Process

   a. Community Standards Officer

   A Community Standards Officer acting as a hearing moderator will be present at a hearing to control the hearing and ensure the hearing follows procedural guidelines.

   b. University Resource Person

   A university resource person is generally a Community Standards Board member who can assist a student charged with misconduct in responding to the allegation. Any other current member of the University community can also act as a resource person if he/she agrees to act in that capacity. A resource person should not speak for the student but can attend a hearing, assist the student in developing and presenting a response to the charges, and act as a general support for the student.

   c. Support Person

   A student can choose to bring a person to the hearing to support them through the process. The support person must be willing to assist and advise the student during the hearing but may not speak on behalf of the student. The support person may be any individual of the accused student’s choosing, as long as he or she is not also a hearing witness. Students may choose to bring an attorney as their support person.

E. Panel Hearing Process

1. Investigation

Where appropriate, the University shall investigate allegations of misconduct. Such investigations may be performed by appropriate administration authorities including, but not limited to, Student Affairs, Security, college based committees, and the respective college deans or their designees. Investigations will occur in the event of violation of the Student Sexual Misconduct policy at the discretion of the Title IX Coordinator.

Investigations may include interviews of the complainant, the respondent and any material witness presented by either party and/or the review of any material evidence. Both parties will have the opportunity to present witnesses and other evidence during the process.
The University may conduct other forms of investigation as needed before the matter is referred for a hearing. In the event of an Administrative Hearing a full investigation may not be required.

2. Evidence

For panel hearings, parties will be allowed to present witnesses and other evidence at the hearing so long as such witnesses or evidence were presented during the investigation. All evidence and witness names must be submitted 3 business days prior to the hearing. All evidence will be available for review by all parties 2 business days prior to the scheduled hearing and will be available to all participants during the hearing. The respondent will be asked to present a statement during the hearing regarding responsibility for alleged violation. Newly discovered evidence will be allowed only at the discretion of the Community Standards Officer. Parties are not be allowed to directly question or cross-examine witnesses but may submit questions to the Hearing Panel for its consideration. References to prior incidents or prior behavior of any party will not normally be permitted unless probative and material to the matter at hand in the opinion of the Community Standards Officer.

3. Hearing Protocols

a. All hearings shall be conducted in private and are confidential. Participants may not disclose any part of the proceedings outside the hearing. Hearings are limited to the Community Standards Officer, respondent, complainant, University Resource Person, a support person, approved witnesses and the hearing panel members. A representative from the University’s Office of Legal Affairs may also be present at the University’s discretion.

b. In hearings involving more than one respondent, the Community Standards Officer determines whether the hearings will be held jointly or separately.

c. All procedural questions are subject to the final decision of the Community Standards Officer. Technical rules of evidence associated with criminal and civil courts are not applicable to University community standards hearings.

d. Hearings will be conducted in a timely manner, as determined by the Community Standards Officer appointed by the Dean of Students or Provost’s Office.

e. At least five days’ notice of a hearing will be provided to the parties. Postponements or other changes to the hearing schedule will only be considered in the case of an emergency.

f. All Panel Hearings will provide opportunities to present statements as well as opportunities for questioning facilitated through the Community Standards Officer.

4. Determination of Responsibility

After all parties have participated, the respondent and complainant will be asked to make closing statements. All persons will then be dismissed, and the hearing panel will deliberate in closed session to determine whether the respondent is responsible for violation of The Community Standard in question.
In the case of a finding of responsible, the hearing panel will assign the appropriate sanctions. If the respondent has prior violations of the Community Standards, they will be introduced in the consideration of appropriate sanctions.

Decisions made by a hearing panel shall be final, pending the appeal process delineated below. Following the hearing, the respondent and the complainant will be informed of the decision of the hearing and of the sanctions imposed in writing through their University email account. It is very important that the respondent check their University email account daily throughout the hearing process. In sexual misconduct cases, the complainant will also receive written notice of the outcome of the proceeding.

5. Standard of Proof

The decision of the judicial hearing board shall be made on the basis of the preponderance of evidence; that is, whether it is more likely than not that the respondent committed the violation.

6. Appeals

A decision reached by a Community Standards Officer in an administrative hearing or by a hearing panel may be appealed by the respondent(s) or the complainant(s). A request for an appeal must be submitted in writing to the Community Standards Officer within two business days of the decision being delivered in the University email account. The Community Standards Officer will direct the appeal to the appropriate appellate officer.

Appeals must be submitted in writing and be based on at least one of the following criteria:

   a. Violation of the University’s hearing procedures.

   b. Misinterpretation of the policies alleged to be violated.

   c. New evidence not reasonably available at the time of the hearing.

   d. Decision not supported by a preponderance of evidence

Appeals are heard as follows:

   a. Appeal of a decision of Administrative Hearing or a hearing panel: Provost Office or Dean of Students / Designee.

   b. Appeals of academic integrity violations:

      i. East Falls Campus: The Dean of the School in which the violation occurred.

      ii. Center City Campus: Provost Office or Designee

Upon receipt of the appeal, the appellate officer may take the following action:

   a. Deny the appeal for lack of sufficient reason for appeal.

   b. Agree to re-hear the case.
c. Investigate and amend the decision and/or the sanction.

Each alleged offender shall have the right to a final appeal to the Chancellor of Thomas Jefferson University within five (5) business days of the rendering of an appeal decision. The Chancellor will only consider appeals that meet the criteria listed below. Upon such appeal, the Chancellor may:

a. affirm the decision,

b. require the Hearing Panel to reconsider the decision or rehear the case,

c. reduce the severity of the penalty.

All decisions of the Chancellor are final. In reaching his or her decision, the Chancellor may discuss the case with any witness, the alleged offender or any participant in the process.

Review of all hearing transcripts or supporting materials will be available to the appellate officer upon request.
Program Enrollment Requirements - Policy
All Jefferson student pharmacists must complete designated requirements to be eligible to fully participate as a student in the program.

Annual Program Requirements
Most clinical rotation sites require a criminal background check, child abuse clearance and/or fingerprinting and may deny a student's participation in the clinical experience or rotation (IPPEs or APPEs) because of a felony or misdemeanor conviction or a record of child abuse. Clinical sites may also deny participation in clinical experiences for other reasons, including but not limited to failure of a required drug test, or inability to produce an appropriate health clearance. As participation in clinical experiences is a required part of the curriculum and a requirement for graduation, denial of participation by a clinical site may result in delay of graduation or the inability to graduate from the program.

Regardless of whether or not a student graduates from Jefferson, individuals who have been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor may be denied certification or licensure as a health professional. Information regarding individual eligibility may be obtained from the appropriate credentialing bodies.

Thomas Jefferson University reserves the right to amend any regulations, fees, conditions and courses described herein as circumstances may require without prior notice to persons who might thereby be affected. The provisions of this handbook are not and may not be regarded as contractual between the College and the students or its employees.

Students must complete all annual requirements prior to the start of each academic year, except where indicated otherwise. Directions regarding requirements and how to complete them are made available on the JCP Student community page in Bb Learn under the JCP Program Documents tab, in the Annual Requirements folder. In summary, the following items are required on an annual basis:

- HIPAA – Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act annual training
- Fire and Safety Certification
- Child Abuse Clearance Certificate
- Criminal Background Check
- PPD
- Influenza immunization (available in September each year) – See University policy
- CPR Certification (with BLS) — Entry to fourth year only
- Pennsylvania Intern License (active)
- Health Insurance verification (available July 1 each year) –See University policy
- Student Emergency Contact Information – this must be completed prior to the start of each semester – See University policy

University policies may be found at: http://www.jefferson.edu/handbook
Pharmacy Intern Licenses

Pennsylvania Pharmacy Intern License

1. All JCP student pharmacists are required to have a valid Pennsylvania Pharmacy Intern License. The following steps describe the process for applying for a PA Pharmacy Intern License. Prior to being issued a Pennsylvania Pharmacy Intern License, the Pennsylvania Bureau of Professional and Occupational Affairs in conjunction with the PA Department of Human Services (DHS) has stipulated that all persons applying for initial licenses are required to complete 3 hours of DHS-approved training in child abuse recognition and reporting requirements as a condition of licensure. Available information on this subject is posted at the Board’s website: www.dos.state.pa.us/pharm - See the tab “General Board Information” and then “Mandated Child Abuse Trainer reporting Under Act 31” or www.keepkidssafe.pa.gov and under the Resources tab select Training for Mandated Reporters for a list of approved courses. Most of these are online courses and many are free, however, some may charge a fee. Many JCP students select the PENNSYLVANIA CHILD WELFARE RESOURCE CENTER course at www.reportabusepa.pitt.edu. After completion of the course, appropriate documentation will be sent by the course provider directly to the Board of Pharmacy.

2. The Pennsylvania Board of Pharmacy has an online application process for Pharmacy Intern Licensing at: https://www.dos.pa.gov/ProfessionalLicensing/BoardsCommissions/Pharmacy/Pages/Applications-and-Forms.aspx.
   a. Preceptor: If employed currently in a licensed pharmacy in Pennsylvania, student pharmacists may arrange with a pharmacist they work with to serve as their preceptor. For those who are not employed in a PA pharmacy, they should list Dr. Sanoski as their preceptor: Cynthia Ann Sanoski RP045721R.
   b. Proof of enrollment in a Pharmacy School: After entering payment information in the online application, download the pdf form titled Enrollment in or Graduation From a School of Pharmacy Accredited by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE). Download this form and send it via e-mail directly to Dean Finley at Rebecca.Finley@Jefferson.edu. After Dean Finley signs the form, it will be sent to the PA Board of Pharmacy by the Office of the Dean.

New Jersey Pharmacy Technician Registration

JCP student pharmacists who are employed as Registered Technicians in NJ pharmacies may choose to have their technician hours counted as intern hours by the NJ Board of Pharmacy. This is recommended if the student pharmacist may eventually apply for licensure as a pharmacist in a state that requires extern intern hours beyond IPPE and APPE hours). Students working in NJ pharmacies who select to register their technician hours must notify the NJ Board of Pharmacy (https://www.njconsumeraffairs.gov/phar) that they are a fulltime student at the Jefferson College of Pharmacy. The NJ Board of Pharmacy will provide a form to be signed by the Dean verifying that the student is enrolled at the College and forms for the student pharmacist to document their intern hours. Currently, the NJ Board of Pharmacy does not require JCP student pharmacists who are assigned IPPE or APPE rotations in NJ to register as technicians.

Other States

Students who are employed as technicians or interns in other states may consult the websites for other State Boards of Pharmacy regarding requirements for intern licenses and/or intern hour requirements for eligibility to apply for a pharmacist license following graduation. Links to all State Board of Pharmacy websites may be found at: https://nabp.pharmacy/Obligation to Report Regulatory or Legal Actions
Students must report any actions taken by a licensing authority (Board of Pharmacy or other agency) against a professional license (pharmacy intern or technician license or other health-related license).

If at any time a student receives notice of a violation that may result in a conviction or licensure action after admission to the Doctor of Pharmacy program and until the student either graduates or leaves the program it must be immediately disclosed to the Associate Dean of Student Affairs.

Individuals who self-report a violation or actions taken by a licensing authority will be provided an opportunity to present additional information for consideration by the Associate Dean for Student Affairs with regard to a decision on retention in the PharmD program, placement in pharmacy practice experiences, or dismissal from the PharmD program.

Students currently in the Doctor of Pharmacy program who fail to self-disclose actions taken by a licensing authority against a professional license (pharmacy intern or technician license or other health-related license) or fail to disclose information in the annual criminal background check will be referred to the Community Standards for review and possible dismissal from the PharmD program.
Performance Requirements / Technical Standards

Students enrolled in JCP will receive training to prepare them to practice pharmacy in a variety of practice setting, e.g., community, health care systems, clinics, etc. Regardless of the specific area of practice selected by the student, all students must demonstrate competence in the areas of intellectual, physical and social tasks that together represent the fundamentals of being able to provide contemporary pharmaceutical care. Throughout the curriculum students will be evaluated on their scholastic achievement and ability. In addition, students will be evaluated on their intellectual, physical and emotional capacities to meet the full requirements of the school's curriculum.

The following technical standards specify those attributes the faculty considers necessary for completing pharmacy training, enabling each graduate to subsequently enter clinical practice, residency or fellowship training. These standards describe the essential functions students must demonstrate in order to fulfill the requirements of a general pharmacy education, and thus, are prerequisites for entrance, continuation, and graduation from the College of Pharmacy.

JCP will consider for admission any applicant who demonstrates the ability to perform or to learn to perform the skills listed in this document. Applicants are not required to disclose the nature of their disability(ies), if any, to the Admissions Committee. However, any applicant with questions about these technical standards is strongly encouraged to discuss the issue with the Associate Dean for Student Affairs prior to the interview process. If appropriate, and upon the request of the applicant/student, reasonable accommodations will be provided.

Certain chronic or recurrent illnesses and problems that interfere with patient care or safety may be incompatible with pharmacy training or practice. Other conditions that may lead to a high likelihood of student illness should be carefully considered. Deficiencies in knowledge base, judgment, integrity, character, or professional attitude or demeanor, which may jeopardize patient care, may be grounds for course/rotation failure and possible dismissal.

A student must possess aptitude, abilities, and skills in five areas: 1) observation; 2) communication; 3) sensory and motor coordination and function; 4) conceptualization, integration and quantitative evaluation; and 5) behavioral and social skills, abilities and aptitude. These are described in detail below. The program faculty will monitor maintenance of these standards. Students must be able to independently perform the described functions.

1. OBSERVATION

Students must be able to observe demonstrations and conduct exercises in a variety of areas related to contemporary pharmacy practice, including but not limited to, monitoring of drug response and preparation of specialty dosage forms. A student must be able to observe a patient accurately at a distance and close at hand, noting nonverbal as well as verbal signals. Specific vision-related requirements include, but are not limited to the following abilities: visualizing and discriminating findings on drug or fluid monitoring tests; reading written and illustrated material; observing demonstrations in the classroom or laboratory, including projected slides and video presentations; observing and differentiating changes in body movement; observing anatomic structures; discriminating numbers and patterns associated with diagnostic and monitoring instruments and tests, and competently using instruments for monitoring drug response.

2. COMMUNICATION

Students must be able to relate effectively and sensitively with patients and their caregivers and or partners, and convey a sense of compassion and empathy. A student must be able to communicate clearly with, and observe patients in order to elicit information, accurately describe changes in mood, activity and posture, and perceive verbal as well as nonverbal communication. Communication includes not only speech but also reading and writing. Students must be able to communicate quickly, effectively and efficiently in oral and written English with all members of the health care team and to
patients or their care provider. Specific requirements include but are not limited to the following abilities; communicating rapidly and clearly with the health care team on rounds; eliciting a thorough history from patients; and communicating complex findings in appropriate terms to patients and their caregivers, partners and various members of the health care team (fellow students, physicians, nurses, aides, therapists, social workers, and others). Students must learn to recognize and promptly respond to emotional communication such as sadness, worry, agitation, and lack of comprehension of communication. Each student must be able to read and record observations and care plans legibly, efficiently and accurately. Students must be able to prepare and communicate concise but complete summaries of individual encounters and complex, prolonged encounters with patients. Students must be able to complete forms or appropriately document activities according to directions in a complete and timely fashion.

3. SENSORY AND MOTOR COORDINATION OR FUNCTION
Students must have sufficient sensory and motor function to monitor drug response and to prepare and or dispense pharmaceuticals. A student should be able to execute motor movements reasonably required to participate in the general care and emergency treatment of patients. They must be able to respond promptly to urgencies within the practice setting and must not hinder the ability of their co-workers to provide prompt care. Examples of such emergency treatment reasonably required of pharmacists include arriving quickly when called, participating in the initiation of appropriate procedures, and rapidly and accurately preparing appropriate emergency medication.

4. INTELLECTUAL-CONCEPTUAL INTEGRATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE ABILITIES
These abilities include measurement, calculation, reasoning, analysis, judgment, numerical recognition and synthesis. Especially important is the appropriate and rapid calculation of dosages in a variety of conditions such as renal or hepatic failure, obesity, cardiac or respiratory arrest, etc. Additionally, calculations involving appropriate dilution or reconstitution of drug products, electrolytes, etc. must be made accurately and quickly. Problem solving, a critical skill demanded of all pharmacists, requires all of these intellectual abilities and must be performed quickly, especially in emergency situations. Students must be able to identify significant findings from history, physical assessment, and laboratory data; provide a reasonable explanation and analysis of the problem; determine when additional information is required; suggest appropriate medications and therapy; develop appropriate treatment plans to improve patient outcomes; develop patient counseling information at a complexity level appropriate to a particular situation; and retain and recall information in an efficient and timely manner. The ability to incorporate new information from peers or teachers, and to locate and evaluate new information from the literature to be used appropriately in formulating assessments and pharmaceutical care plans is essential, as is good judgment in patient assessment and therapeutic planning for disease management. Students must be able to identify and communicate the limits of their knowledge to others when appropriate and be able to recognize when the limits of their knowledge indicate further study or investigation is essential before participating in decision making. Students must be able to interpret graphs or charts describing biologic, economic or outcome relationships.

5. BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES
Empathy, integrity, honesty, concern for others, good interpersonal skills, interest and motivation are all personal qualities that are required. Students must possess the emotional health required for full use of their intellectual abilities; the exercise of good judgment; the prompt completion of all responsibilities attendant to the care of patients; and the development of mature, sensitive and effective relationships with patients and their caregivers and partners. At times this requires the ability to be aware of and appropriately react to one’s own immediate emotional responses and environment. For example, students must maintain a professional demeanor and organization in the face of long hours and personal fatigue, dissatisfied patients, and tired colleagues. Students must be able to develop professional relationships with patients and their caregivers and partners, providing comfort and reassurance when appropriate while protecting patient confidentiality. Students must possess adequate endurance to tolerate physically taxing workloads and to function effectively under
stress or with distractions. All students are at times required to work for extended periods, occasionally with rotating shifts. Students must be able to adapt to changing environments, to display flexibility, and to learn to function in the face of uncertainties inherent in the clinical problems of many patients. Students must also develop the skills necessary to instruct and supervise technical personnel assisting with the delivery of pharmaceutical services. Students are expected to accept appropriate suggestions and criticism and if necessary, respond quickly, appropriately and cooperatively by modification of behavior.
Graduation Requirements Policy
A student must complete the specific total credits, course requirements and program requirements (ie, NAPLEX and Law Review Courses) in the Doctor of Pharmacy program and achieve a cumulative grade point average of at least 3.00 on all attempted work to qualify for graduation from the University.

JCP students are required to complete their course of study within six years of the date of matriculation (exclusive of any time approved for LOA). An extension may be granted in the event of extenuating circumstances.

Residence Requirements for Graduation
A student must earn a minimum of 30 semester credits preceding graduation for a degree to be conferred.

Application for Graduation
The official awarding of degrees takes place three times each year: at the Commencement Exercises following the conclusion of the spring semester, in August/September at the conclusion of the summer semester, and in December at the conclusion of the fall semester. Students who expect to meet the requirements for graduation must file an online application with the University Office of the Registrar. Applications must be filed with the Registrar no later than the deadline published in the Academic Calendar to be considered for the designated graduation date.

A student who applies for graduation and then fails to qualify must reapply, indicating the revised date of the completion of graduation requirements. A student who does not qualify for graduation in time for Commencement Exercises may participate in the next academic year’s graduation program.
**Course Attendance and Missed Coursework Policy**

Attendance in class, for all laboratory and clinical experiences, and for all course assessments (including, but not limited to, examinations), reflects professional behavior. It is expected that students attend and participate in all such events. Please refer to individual course syllabi for attendance policies specific to each course.

Students may be excused from participating in or completing coursework in the designated time frame. An excused absence provides the student an opportunity to make-up the missed assessment at full point value.

**Procedure to Request an Excused Absence**

Officially excused absences from course activities **MUST** be requested and approved prior to the course or course assessment except in the case of an emergency. Approval must be made for the missed class or assessment to be considered approved and approval should be prior to the event if possible.

**Procedure:**

Students upon knowledge of a need to miss class or an assessment should alert the appropriate authority as early as possible and prior to the start of the class or assessment. In the case of an emergency, communication should occur as quickly as reasonably possible.

In order for an excused absence to be considered the following steps should be followed:

- The student is responsible to complete an Excused Absence Request Form prior to the event and prior to the start of the class or assessment except in the setting of an emergency (see chart below for examples). When indicating courses do not list only courses with an assessment but **all** courses that will be missed should be included in the request.
- This form **MUST** be completed which includes provision of supporting documentation (see table for examples of excused absence and appropriate supporting documentation) and submitted to the appropriate source in a timely manner.

In the setting of an emergency the request form will be accepted after the fact.

The request form may be found on the JCP Student organization page, under Program Document, in the Form folder.

**Determining where to submit the form:**

- If one day will be missed – the request should be submitted to the Course Coordinator for all courses that will be missed.
- If 2 or more days will be missed – the request should be submitted to the Associate Dean for Student Affairs.

**Procedure for Excused Request Related to Pharmacy Professional Meeting**

Each year there are a few professional meetings whereby many JCP students will seek to attend. In this setting use of the Excused Absence Form will be removed if the following procedure is followed.

1. A point person for the professional organization will collect the names of those students indicating interest in attending the meeting.
2. The list of names should be provided to the Associate Dean for Student Affairs as early as possible and no later than two weeks prior to the meeting.
3. The Associate Dean will forward the request to faculty and confirm with the point person the specifics of approval.
4. Students interested in attending the meeting that are not included in the group list will need to follow the request process for excused absence noted above just as they would for any other excused request.
Submission of a request does not equate to approval. Students should refrain from making plans until approval has been granted. Approval must be obtained for the missed class or assessment to be considered excused and approval should be prior to the event if possible, except in the setting of an emergency.

- If you have not received a response within 3 business days, please contact the Associate Dean for Student Affairs.

### Example Excused Absence Requests

This table reflects common examples and is not intended to be a comprehensive list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>Documentation (If multiple examples are provided, the student need only provide 1 of the options)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bereavement</td>
<td>Immediate family only (student’s spouse, registered domestic partner, parents (including step), siblings (including step), children (including step), grandparents, father/mother in-law, son/daughter in-law, grandchildren). Please indicate relation in the request form. Allowance: 1 for local funeral, 3 day for out of town</td>
<td>Obituary, Funeral announcement, Funeral program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency (non-health)</td>
<td>Automobile accident, severe weather including tornadoes, hurricanes, flood, fire, snow/ice, mudslide, extended loss of electrical power</td>
<td>Local media reports, Photograph of damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Personal</td>
<td>Verified illness or hospitalization. See also Illness / Injury procedure.</td>
<td>Note from physician verifying illness or hospitalization*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Immediate Family</td>
<td>Immediate family members (as listed above) with terminal or acute illness or scheduled surgery. This does not include when child/dependent care is not available</td>
<td>Physician documentation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jury duty / court summons</td>
<td>May be considered when you are called to service. If possible students should attempt to defer their service if the time anticipated to serve will be of substantial length. This does not apply should you be scheduled to attend court for a personal violation.</td>
<td>Copy of summons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Military Duty</td>
<td>Deployment for two consecutive days or less may be considered excused. Longer deployment should be handled through a leave of absence request.</td>
<td>Military order</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Meeting</td>
<td>Attendance or active participation in a professional meeting.</td>
<td>Copy of the meeting brochure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Students are not required to disclose specific information regarding healthcare diagnosis, condition, treatment, etc. If documentation contains this type of information, it may be provided to the Associate Dean or to the Medical Director at University Health Services for verification.
**Hospital / Illness / Injury Procedure**

In the event of a change in health status, illness, or serious injury that causes the student to miss clinical rotation or class time, documentation of clearance through the Jefferson Occupational Health Network for Employees & Students (JOHN) is required. The purpose of requiring clearance is to protect patients the student may come in contact with and to assure that the student’s health needs are being met.

Students **MUST** report to JOHN for an evaluation **before** returning to the classroom or clinical rotation in the following situations*:

- student was hospitalized for any reason
- student sought care in an Emergency Room
- student received outpatient surgery or had an outpatient procedure
- students with current illness that may be potentially contagious

Students may be required to present information from the treating provider.

Clearance will be communicated from JOHN to the Associate Dean for Student Affairs or designee **prior to** the student returning to the classroom or clinical setting. The Associate Dean will be responsible for notifying course coordinator(s) if the student is unable to return.

Once the student pharmacist has been cleared to return, they should work with the course coordinator to develop a plan for making up missed coursework.

Other situations that may require JOHN clearance include but is not limited to:

- If requested by faculty to facilitate an excused absence request.

Some faculty may request documentation of illness as a part of their processing an excused absence request. Students may obtain this documentation at JOHN or a facility of their choosing. This visit should occur during the time period in which the student is ill, not after the fact.

*This requirement is in effect when students are actively enrolled in a semester.
**Course Drop/Add**

Once registered, students may drop or add a course until the deadline published in the Academic Calendar. The Drop/Add period during the Fall and Spring Semesters is normally a two-week period. For Summer Sessions and other accelerated terms, it is proportionately less.

To make a schedule change, the student must complete a Drop/Add form. The Drop/Add form must be received in the University Office of the Registrar by the deadline date.

**Course Withdrawal**

After the conclusion of the Drop/Add period, a student may withdraw from a course by completing a Course Withdrawal Form and obtaining the necessary approvals from the appropriate academic department. A student who withdraws from a course prior to the deadline published in the academic calendar will receive a grade of “W.”

A student who withdraws from a course after the deadline published in the academic calendar will receive a grade of “WP” (withdrew Passing) or “WF” (withdrew Failing), depending upon the level of work at the time of the withdrawal. A grade of “WF” is calculated in the grade point average in the same manner as a failing grade.

NOTE: Students who do not officially drop or withdraw from a course according to the procedures described above but stop attending classes will be responsible for the full payment of tuition and will receive a grade of “F” for the course. Verbal notification to the course instructor does not constitute an official course drop or withdrawal.

**Student Pharmacist Enrichment Process (SPEP)**

The Jefferson College of Pharmacy (JCP) is implementing a program entitled “Student Pharmacist Enrichment Program (SPEP)” with the expectation that all enrolled student pharmacists will actively participate during each semester enrolled. The purpose of SPEP is to enhance the personal and professional development of the student pharmacist relative to their knowledge, skills, attitudes, and abilities through engagement in co-curricular activities.

Engagement in SPEP will help the student pharmacist discover their areas of keen interest, cultivate strengths, and facilitate personal growth so that they will make the strongest possible contributions as practitioners. Co-curricular activities will encourage students to experience a broad array of opportunities that serve to enhance their career development and planning in preparation for their professional role.

Students will be asked to self-assess their knowledge, skills, attitudes, and abilities as they relate to the identified co-curricular elements at least once a semester, to complete a plan of action for the semester, and to document co-curricular activities they engage in during the semester. JCP will communicate with students regarding compliance with requested documents. JCP will provide a forum for students to summarize their experience at least once an academic year and advisors will include student specific discussion points during their advising sessions. Specific direction and procedures will be outlined in an orientation and materials will be placed in a folder posted on the JCP Student Blackboard organization page.
Exam Policies and Procedures

1. Personal belongings
   a. No hats, bags, drinks, or other personal items including smart phones, smart watches, Google glasses or similar digital devices will be allowed at the exam table or desk except for iPads when required for exams. All personal items should be moved to a designated area in the front of the room. Calculators will be provided, if needed.

2. Absenteeism
   a. Students may be excused in the event of an illness or an emergency provided that the course coordinator is notified prior to the scheduled start of the exam. (See also Course Attendance - Missed Coursework/Excused Absence Policy)
      i. For any illnesses, the student will be required to show documentation from a medical provider to be eligible for a make-up exam.
      ii. For any emergencies (defined by Merriam Webster as an unforeseen circumstance or the resulting state that calls for immediate action), the student will be required to show documentation.
      iii. If the student does not contact the course coordinator prior to the scheduled exam time, a make-up exam may be permitted at the discretion of the course coordinator. Documentation will be required for consideration of a make-up exam.
      iv. Students can contact the administrative assistants to contact the course coordinator directly at 215-503-9000.

3. Lateness
   a. Students are expected to be on time for exams to minimize disruption to the class.
   b. Students who arrive to the exam within the first 25% of the exam time will be allowed to sit for the exam, but will not be allotted any additional time to take the exam, unless by the discretion of the faculty it is considered to have been beyond the control of the student.
   c. Students will be required to stay for the first 25% of the exam time, regardless if they have completed the exam early.
   d. Students will not be allowed to enter the exam once 25% of the exam time has elapsed. A make-up exam may be permitted at the discretion of the course coordinator. Documentation will be required for consideration of a make-up exam. The following times will be used for these policies:
      i. 50 minute exam: 15 minutes
      ii. 110 minute exam: 30 minutes
      iii. 170 minute exam: 45 minutes

4. Restroom breaks
   a. Only one student may be allowed to use the restroom at a time.
      i. At the discretion of the course coordinator, the students may or may not be accompanied by a proctor to ensure academic integrity.
      ii. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam for restroom breaks within the first 25% of the exam time (see the late policy for times).

5. Students with disabilities (ADA)
   a. The above policies and procedures apply to students with disabilities unless otherwise stipulated by the accommodation.
   b. Refer to the ADA section of the Student Handbook.

Exam Policy – recommendation from EP&P; adapted and approved by EC, March 17, 2015
Amended August 18, 2015
Revised– August 2017
Review of Exams and other Assessment and Request for Regrading

Policy
Students have the right to review graded course assessments and request a re-grade of those assessments. This does not apply to Second Chance Option (See Second Chance Option Assessment Review Policy and Procedure).

Procedure
1. An opportunity to review a graded assessment will be available to the student within 5 business days following the posting of a grade in Blackboard.
2. An opportunity to request a regrade will be available to the student. All requests for regarding of an assessment must be completed within 7 business days after the grade was posted in Blackboard.
3. All re-grade requests must be submitted via e-mail to the course coordinator and specifically indicate what is to be regraded.
4. The student must justify the reason for a regrade request using the required course materials (examples: textbook, other required readings/references for the course as utilized by the faculty, slides, and handouts).
5. Faculty will process all regrade requests after all students have had the opportunity to submit their requests.
6. Once the review and request period have passed no further opportunity to make a request for re-grading of that assessment will be available.
7. A regrade has the potential to increase or decrease grades.
8. The Department Chair may extend the Regrade Request Period if the student provides evidence of extenuating circumstances no later than the end of Regrade Request Period.
JCP Second Chance Option

Policy
The Second Chance Option applies only to required letter-graded courses; it does not apply to courses that are identified as Pass/Fail. Any student who earns a grade of less than a C in a letter-graded course may be given another opportunity to demonstrate competency in that course by taking a single comprehensive assessment. A fee of $50/course credit will be billed to the student to cover the administrative and overhead costs. If the student intends to appeal the original final course grade while participating in the second chance option, they must submit both the grade appeal and the second chance option request form within 5 business days of the posting of the original final course grade in Banner. There is no formal grade appeal of the results of the second chance option.

Eligibility to participate requires that:
1. the student has earned a final grade in the course of 59.5-72.4%; and
2. the student has not exceeded the number of Second Chance attempts as outlined here:
   - A student may not invoke the Second Chance Option for the same course more than once.

The maximum grade that the student can receive for the course for which they invoked the Second Chance Option is a C.
   - If the student is successful (earning a 72.5% or better), a grade of C will be earned for the course.
   - If the student is unsuccessful (earning a 72.4% or less), the original grade earned in the course stands, and the student must repeat the course at JCP the next time the course is offered.

Procedure
1. Each faculty member will identify in their syllabus/course outline the format of the cumulative, Second Chance Option for their course (e.g., multiple choice questions, short-answer format, essay format, a combination, verbal challenge, etc.)
2. Any student invoking the Second Chance Option must file a written request using the Second Chance Option Request Form (available on the JCP Students webpage in Banner) with the Course Coordinator and the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs no later than five business days after the grades are posted by the Registrar’s Office on the student record (Banner Web).
3. The Course Coordinator and the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs will determine whether the student has met the criteria for participation in the Second Chance Option and will notify the student regarding eligibility to participate in the Second Chance Option in a timely manner.
4. For the Fall semester, the Second Chance Option will be administered no later than the Tuesday of the last full week prior to the resumption of Spring classes. For the Spring semester the Second Chance Option will be administered after the conclusion of the semester on a date to be determined by the Dean’s office in conjunction with the Course Coordinator but not later than three (3) weeks from the date that the final grade is entered into Banner Web.

JCP Second Chance Option Assessment Review

Policy
Students have the right to review graded Second Chance Option assessments.

Procedure
1. An opportunity to review a Second Chance Option assessment will be available to the student within 48 hours of grading completion.
2. An opportunity to request a regrade of a Second Chance Option assessment will not be available to the student.
JCP Academic Progression Standards (Proposed by the E&O Committee, January 2015; amended and approved by JCP Executive Committee, February 2015; approved by JCP General Faculty, March 2015)

- Students enrolled in the Doctor of Pharmacy program must successfully complete all courses which are prerequisites for subsequent courses in the curriculum in order to progress in the curriculum.
- Minimum enrollment for Fall/Spring academic semesters is 9 credits unless an alternative plan is approved by the Office of the Dean in collaboration with the JCP Executive Council.
- The minimum passing grade is a C in all required, letter-graded courses and a Pass in all Pass/Fail courses.
- Any student who earns below a C in any letter-graded, required course must either repeat the course in its entirety or participate in the Second Chance option as noted below, if applicable. The student must earn a grade of C or better in order to successfully complete the course and progress.
- P1 students in their first matriculated semester at JCP will not be placed on academic probation for a GPA < 3.0.
- Any fulltime student beyond their first matriculated JCP semester whose cumulative GPA falls below 3.0 will be placed on academic probation.
- Students who are subject to academic probation and dismissal are reviewed by the Office of the Dean prior to any related action being taken.

Standards Specific to Progression from year P3 to year P4

- Students must earn a 3.0 cumulative GPA by the end of the P3 year in order to progress into the Advanced Pharmacy Practice Experiences of the P4 year.
- If a student fails to meet the 3.0 cumulative GPA by the end of the P3 year, he/she will be dismissed from the Doctor of Pharmacy program.

Consideration for Degree Conference

- Candidates for the Doctor of Pharmacy degree must complete all program credits, all competency requirements in the Introductory Pharmacy Practice Experiences (IPPEs) and Advanced Pharmacy Practice Experiences (APPEs) and all other program requirements. All P4 students are required to participate in the pharmacy board exam prep course offered on campus as a program requirement for graduation.

Dismissal from the Doctor of Pharmacy Program

A student will be dismissed from the Doctor of Pharmacy program for the following reasons:

- Earning a grade of less than a C in the same course twice
- Earning a grade of F in more than one required course (the 2nd F would result in dismissal from the program)
- Inability to achieve a cumulative GPA of 3.0 by the end of the P3 year
- Exceeding two semesters (consecutive OR nonconsecutive) of academic probation stemming from a cumulative GPA of < 3.0

Any student who has been dismissed from the Doctor of Pharmacy Program is eligible to apply for readmission (see Readmission Policy later in this section of the Student Handbook). Any student dismissed from JCP because of academic underachievement, and subsequently readmitted to JCP, must achieve a semester grade point average of 3.00 for the semester in which he or she was readmitted. If the student fails to do so, he or she will be dismissed. Furthermore, if such a student has a cumulative grade point average of < 3.0 at the end of the semester in which he or she was readmitted, he or she must raise the cumulative grade point average to a 3.0 or greater by the end of the following semester or be dismissed.
**JCP Academic Integrity Policy**
The Administration and Faculty of JCP believe that academic integrity is one of the most important values and behaviors that should be practiced by students during their academic and clinical education. Integrity and honesty are especially valued in the healthcare professions because of their responsibilities to patients.

Because we are committed to educating practitioners who provide the highest quality of health care, the JCP Administration and Faculty are equally committed to mandating and enforcing the practice of academic integrity by all students. The following policy on academic integrity defines dishonesty and describes the procedures for responding to charges of academic dishonesty in the College.

**Forms of Academic Dishonesty**

**Plagiarism**
As stated in the American Medical Association Manual of Style (2014), "In plagiarism, an author documents or reports ideas, words, data, or graphics, whether published or unpublished, of another as his or her own and without giving appropriate credit."

When a student submits work for credit that includes the words, ideas or data of others, the source of that information must be acknowledged through complete, accurate and specific references, and, if verbatim statements are included, through quotation marks as well. By placing his or her name on work submitted for credit, the student certifies the originality of all work not otherwise identified by appropriate acknowledgments.

Examples of plagiarism include, but are not limited to:
1. Quoting another person’s actual words, complete sentences or paragraphs, or entire pieces of written work without acknowledgment of the source.
2. Using another person’s ideas, opinions or theories, even if they are completely paraphrased in one’s own words, without acknowledgment of the source.
3. Noting the original source of only a part of what is borrowed.
4. Borrowing facts, statistics or other illustrative materials that are not clearly common knowledge without acknowledgment of the source.
5. Copying another student’s essay test answers.
6. Copying, or allowing another student to copy, a computer file that contains another student’s assignment and submitting it, in part or in its entirety, as one’s own.
7. Working together on an assignment, sharing the computer files and programs involved and then submitting individual copies of the assignment as one’s own individual work. Students are urged to consult with individual faculty members if in doubt.

**Fabrication**
Fabrication is the use of invented information or the falsification of research or other findings with the intent to deceive. Examples include, but are not limited to:
1. Citation of information not taken from the source indicated. This may include the incorrect documentation of secondary source materials.
2. Listing sources in a bibliography not directly used in the academic exercise.
3. Submission in a paper, thesis, lab report or other academic exercise of falsified, invented or fictitious data or evidence, or deliberate and knowing concealment or distortion of the true nature, origin or function of such data or evidence.
4. Submitting as one’s own any academic exercises (e.g., written work, printing, sculpture, etc.) prepared totally or in part by another.

**Cheating**
Cheating is an act or an attempted act of deception by which a student seeks to misrepresent that he or she has mastered information on an academic exercise that he or she has not mastered. Examples include but are not limited to:
1. Copying from another student’s test paper or allowing another student to copy from a test paper.
2. Using the course textbook or other material such as a notebook brought to a class meeting but not authorized for use during a test.
3. Collaborating during a test with any other person by receiving information without authority, or collaborating with others on projects where such collaboration is not expressly permitted.
4. Using or possessing specifically prepared materials during a test, e.g., notes, formula lists, notes written on the student’s clothing, etc., that are not authorized.
5. Taking a test for someone else or permitting someone else to take a test in one’s place.
6. Tapping pencils or other objects or otherwise signaling in code.
7. Entering any office or opening a file to obtain a test or answer key.
8. Viewing test materials on a secretary’s or faculty member’s desk.
9. Passing quiz/test questions or answers from one student to another, even after the test is completed.
10. Copying a posted answer key without permission.
11. Discussing test questions or answers outside the examination room while the test is in progress.

Academic Misconduct
Academic misconduct is the intentional violation of University policies, by tampering with grades, or taking part in obtaining or distributing any part of an unadministered test. Examples include, but are not limited to:
1. Stealing, buying or otherwise obtaining all or part of an unadministered test.
2. Selling or giving away all or part of an unadministered test including answers to an unadministered test.
3. Bribing any other person to obtain an unadministered test including answers to an unadministered test.
4. Entering a building or office for the purpose of changing a grade in a grade book, on a test or on other work for which a grade is given.
5. Changing, altering or being an accessory to the changing and/or altering of a grade in a grade book, on a test, in a computer, on a “change of grade” form or other official academic records of the University which relate to grades.
6. Entering a building or office for the purpose of obtaining an unadministered test.
7. Continuing to work on an examination or project after the specified allotted time has elapsed.
8. Signing into classes for others.

Academic Dishonesty in Clinical Settings
Academic dishonesty in the clinic is characterized by deliberate, deceitful intention to (1) obtain information from another source and claim as one's own, (2) fabricate clinical data or information, or (3) misrepresent one's own actions or the actions of another in order to avoid sanctions. Examples include, but are not limited to:
1. Looking up in a log book, equivalent source or consulting a professional for a diagnosis or treatment plan on an assigned unknown case without authorization from the clinical instructor.
2. Using a correlated histopathologic or clinical diagnosis in lieu of his/her own clinical or technical interpretation.
3. Reporting results without performance of a test or procedure.
4. Providing unauthorized information to other students on clinical assignments.
5. Changing answers on work sheets or patient records after they have been reviewed and/or submitted.
6. Misrepresenting one’s own or another’s identity.
7. Feigning illness or emergency to avoid a clinical rotation or assignment.
8. Signing into rotation for another student when absent.
9. Communicating confidential information to a person not involved in the patient’s care without authorization.
10. Misrepresenting any aspect of patient care or documentation.
Sanctions

Two possible sanctions exist for cases of academic dishonesty. Option A outlines adjudication of
cases at the discretion of the faculty. Cases may alternatively be referred directly to the Community
Standards Board for adjudication under Option B of these guidelines.

**Option A**

Option A is limited to one or more of the following, by choice of the faculty member:
- a verbal reprimand
- a written reprimand
- a grade of zero for an assignment or examination
- a requirement that the student repeat the work affected by the academic dishonesty
- a statement concerning the action to be sent to the JCP Dean's Office by the instructor.

No notation of faculty action will appear on the student's transcript. However, the School may
choose to keep documentation in the student's file and this may be taken into account if the student
is involved in another incident of academic dishonesty.

When the instructor chooses to have the student repeat the assignment, the instructor will tell the
student the maximum grade that may be assigned for the repeated assignment. For example, it is
acceptable for the instructor to assign no more than a minimal passing grade to a repeated
assignment, if successfully completed by the student.

The student may contest the instructor's allegation by requesting a hearing with the TJU
Community Standards Board. Any such request must be made within five (5) working days from the
time the student has been informed of the charge and the instructor's recommended resolution. The
instructor's initial penalty will be considered in assessing a penalty for a guilty finding by the
Community Standards Board.

**Option B**

Option B is direct referral of the charge by the faculty member to the TJU Community Standards
Board for adjudication. Information concerning procedures for a Community Standards hearing is
found in the Community Standards policy found at [www.jefferson.edu](http://www.jefferson.edu)/handbook under University
Policies and Procedures.

The contents of sections on Academic Dishonesty were taken wholly or adapted in part with
permission from "The Academic Honesty & Dishonesty" brochure prepared by the Dean of Students
Office, 218 Hullihen Hall, University of Delaware, Newark, Delaware, (302) 831-2117.
Unsafe Clinical Practice - Policy
Because patient well-being is a major concern of the University, it is necessary that certain actions be taken when a student’s clinical practice poses a potential threat to patient health, welfare or safety. Therefore, students are subject to the College’s regulations governing clinical practice and may be placed on probation by the College and/or recommended for dismissal for unsafe clinical behavior as defined by the College. Unsafe clinical practice is described below.

Unsafe clinical practice encompasses behavior (omission or commission) which threatens or has the potential to threaten the physical, mental, emotional, or environmental safety of patients, family members, other students, faculty members, or other healthcare providers in the patient care setting.

Unsafe clinical practice can include, but is not limited to:

- (1) lack of preparation, unsafe clinical judgment, or deficits in problem-solving ability;
- (2) unsupervised or unauthorized clinical practice or unauthorized presence in a clinical facility;
- (3) violation of any provision within the Pharmacy Act;
- (4) falsification of documentation;
- (5) inappropriate or unauthorized use of equipment, supplies, data, clinical information systems, or communications systems;
- (6) gross interference with the educational process or health care services;
- (7) gross impairment (physical or cognitive) by illicit or prescription drugs, chemicals, or alcohol in patient care settings;
- (8) creating unnecessary risk of exposure to or harm from environmental, chemical- and/or biohazards in patient care settings; and
- (9) verbally abusive, physically threatening or harmful behavior toward patients or other health care providers.
- (10) intentional or unintentional violation of patient confidentiality
Transfer Credit Policy

Policy

Academic credit may be given for courses successfully completed with a grade of B or better at other academic institutions. Coursework completed prior to matriculation may not apply towards the professional elective courses within the JCP curriculum. In cases where the approval to transfer credits has been granted, no grade will appear on the student’s transcript. Credit hours will be awarded. Transfer credits are not utilized in determining a student’s grade point average. Students are encouraged to discuss transferring course credit with their academic advisor and/or the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs.

Procedure

1. The student must submit a written request to the JCP Associate Dean for Academic Affairs.
2. The request should include the course title, number of credits, course description, and syllabus from the outside institution.
3. The Dean’s office will communicate the decision to approve or deny the credit transfer request to the student within 14 calendar of receiving the written request.
4. If the decision is made to transfer credit, the student will be asked to produce an official transcript from the outside institution.
**Student Complaints, Appeals and Grievances**

Students who feel they have been treated unfairly in the academic program or in non-academic disciplinary actions have the right to initiate the appeal process as described by the Grade Appeal Protocol and the Community Standards. Students should review the Grievance Process at TJU found in the University Handbook at [www.jefferson.edu/Handbook](http://www.jefferson.edu/Handbook).

Students may also make informal complaints regarding other issues such as academic or non-academic policies or procedures, curricular issues, extracurricular issues, or facilities. In such cases, students are strongly encouraged to provide feedback in a constructive manner to the appropriate Faculty or Staff. The Dean or the Associates Deans and Faculty Advisors are available to assist students in determining the potential courses of action available to them. If the complaint is related to any aspect of the program or College which pertains to ACPE accreditation standards or policies or procedures, the student may submit a complaint directly to ACPE as described below. (see Complaints Policy for the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education).

**Complaints Policy for the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE)**

The following has been taken directly from [http://www.acpe-accredit.org/students/complaints.asp](http://www.acpe-accredit.org/students/complaints.asp)

"ACPE has an obligation to assure itself that any institution which seeks or holds a preaccreditation or accreditation status for its professional program(s) conducts its affairs with honesty and frankness. Complaints from other institutions, students, faculty, or the public against a college or school of pharmacy, including tuition and fee policies, and as related to ACPE standards, policies or procedures, shall be placed in writing in detail by the complainant and submitted to the ACPE office. The complaint shall be submitted to the institution for response. Requests for confidentiality shall be respected to the extent any such information is not necessary for the resolution of the complaint.

The Executive Director shall, based upon the complaint, the response, and information from such further investigation deemed necessary, promptly determine the facts surrounding the issue, determine the validity of the complaint, and resolve the issue; provided, however, where the Executive Director deems it necessary or appropriate, the matter shall be considered at the next regular meeting of the Council. The time frame for resolution is generally within six months. A record of complaints regarding a specific college or school of pharmacy, including student complaints received or made available, is kept for consideration on file at the Council office. Such record of complaints is considered during scheduled evaluations, or a special evaluation, as the case may require.

The procedure shall provide for treatment of complaints in a timely manner that is fair and equitable to all parties. The complainant shall be advised of the decision or action as soon as possible. When ACPE has cause to believe that any institution with which it is concerned is acting in an unethical manner or is deliberately misrepresenting itself to students or the public, it will investigate the matter and provide the institution an opportunity to respond to the allegations. If, on the basis of such investigation, after notice to the institution and opportunity for institutional response, ACPE finds an institution has engaged in unethical conduct or that its integrity has been seriously undermined, ACPE will either:

a. request that the institution show cause, within a stated time period, why adverse action should not be taken, or

b. in extreme cases, immediately discontinue its relationship with the institution by denying or withdrawing preaccreditation or accreditation status.

A complaint against a college or a school of pharmacy must be related to the standards or the policies and procedures of ACPE and must be submitted in writing to the Executive Director. Under existing
practices, when a complaint is received, it is submitted to the college or school affected for response. If, thereafter, based upon the complaint and the response, the Executive Director determines that a complaint is not related to the standards or policies, the complainant is so advised in writing with a copy to the school or college, and the matter is treated as resolved.

Anonymous complaints pertaining to accreditation matters are retained and, depending on circumstances, may or may not be forwarded to the school or college involved, depending somewhat on the severity of the complaint. This decision is made by the Executive Director. Where a complainant has threatened or filed legal action against the institution involved, ACPE will hold complaints in abeyance pending resolution of the legal issues and the complainant is so advised.

If the Executive Director finds a complaint to be extremely serious in nature charging egregious conduct that may warrant adverse action by the Council, or involves an interpretation which the Executive Director believes should be made by the Council, the complaint will be submitted to the Council for determination at the next regular meeting. Extraordinary remedies available for complaints covering extreme cases are set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) above.

ACPE has an obligation to respond to any complaints which may be lodged against it by any institution, student, faculty or third party in respect to the application of ACPE's standards, policies and procedures where the complaining party is directly affected thereby. Any such complaint shall be submitted in writing. The Executive Director shall promptly determine the facts surrounding the issues and shall attempt to resolve the matter in consultation with the Public Interest Panel established pursuant to Article V of the ACPE By-Laws. Complaints which cannot be resolved by the Executive Director shall be considered and resolved at the next regular meeting of the Council. The time frame for resolution is generally within six months."

**If you wish to file a complaint, please e-mail:** csinfo@acpe-accredit.org (regarding a professional degree program)
Grade Appeal

The grade appeal policy and procedure affords recourse to a student who has evidence that an inaccurate final grade has been awarded under the following circumstances:

- Grade awarded does not align with criteria established in the course syllabus, rubrics, or other course documents.
- Grade awarded has been inaccurately assigned due to clerical or administrative error.

Please note the grade appeal process described in this policy is for final grades only, not individual assignments. If a student thinks that an inaccurate final grade has been assigned based on the circumstances above, they should discuss the grade with the course instructor. If an agreeable outcome is not reached, the student may begin an official grade appeal. Before starting an official grade appeal a student is required to meet with a member of Academic or Student Affairs to learn more about the process and timelines. Students on the East Falls campus should discuss with their academic advisor, students on the Center City campus should contact the Associate Provost for Student Affairs.

Official Appeal process:

1. To appeal a grade for a course, the student should begin with the course instructor by submitting the documents outlined below. The course instructor will review the appeal and provide a written response to the student.
2. If the student is not satisfied with the outcome or does not receive a response, the appeal can be continued in writing to the next designated academic official. This will vary by college or school providing the course, and may include the course coordinator, program director, department chair, or associate dean, who will also respond in writing.
3. In the event that the student is not satisfied with the outcome at that level, an appeal may be submitted to the dean of the college or school providing the course. The dean will respond in writing and is the final appeal.

Required documentation:

For a grade appeal, the burden of proof is on the student. To formally begin the appeal, the student must provide the following documents for review:

a) a detailed written statement requesting and explaining the basis for the appeal.

b) a copy of the course materials, including syllabus and assignments; and

c) copies of other pertinent documents, including student’s submitted work, and any other evidence that may have a bearing on the grade in question. These may include, but are not limited to, work done by the student in the course, school/department/university policies, tests, papers, clinical records or evaluations, journals, handouts, correspondence to/from the instructor, course outlines, handouts, logs and any written feedback given by the instructor on written work.

If the appeal is for a prerequisite course for the subsequent semester, or if a student has been dismissed from a program based on a grade being appealed, college or school administration (program director or dean) will notify the student if they may or may not continue in the subsequent course or academic program during the appeal process.

Timeline:

If the course is not a prerequisite for the subsequent semester, the grade appeal should be completed by the end of the following semester or term.

If the course is a prerequisite for the subsequent semester, the following timeline is recommended:
A student must file the initial appeal within 10 business days after the deadline date for grade submittal as found in the Academic Calendar. The entire grade appeal process should take no more than 30 business days. If, due to extenuating circumstances, the student is unable to follow the timeframe, they must submit a written request for an extension from the next person in the process during the specified timeframe. Likewise, a course instructor, course coordinator, program director, department chair, or associate dean must submit a written request for an extension to the dean if there are extenuating circumstances that would not allow the timely completion of their review and decision.

A student whose basis for dissatisfaction with a grade does not fall within this grade appeal policy may wish to review the university grievance policy found at:

https://www.eastfalls.jefferson.edu/studentgrievances/ for East Falls courses or

https://www.jefferson.edu/university/academic-affairs/schools/student-affairs/student-handbooks/university-policies/tju-grievance-process.html for Center City courses

**Leave of Absence**

When personal circumstances make a temporary absence from the College advisable and when intent to return is evident, a leave of absence may be granted to students who file the Student Status Change Form available in the JCP Dean’s Office. Permission of the College Dean or the Dean’s designee is required. Normally, a leave will be granted for a period from one semester to a full academic year. Students who are subject to dismissal for academic or disciplinary reasons are not eligible for a leave of absence. A student who has been placed on academic probation and is subsequently granted a leave must satisfy the terms of the probation upon returning. If a leave is granted during an academic term, the same procedures and policies pertaining to grading of individual course withdrawals will be in effect. If changes to the Doctor of Pharmacy curriculum impact the course of study for a student who is returning from a leave of absence, that student will be responsible for meeting all requirements of the class with whom they will graduate.

If a leave is granted during an academic term, the same procedures and policies pertaining to grading of individual course withdrawals will be in effect.

Students who fail to return to the College by the date that the approved leave expires will have their status changed from a leave of absence to withdrawal, and they will have to apply for readmission in order to return.

Students considering a leave should first consult with their academic advisor and other appropriate advisors regarding possible effects on their progress toward the degree, financial aid and tuition charges. A leave of absence should be arranged in advance, and the student should follow the same procedure as for withdrawal from the School. Students who have borrowed federal, institutional or private loans are required to complete a federally mandated Exit Interview counseling session. Besides being a federal requirement, it is a very helpful counseling process to ensure that students know the facts and repayment strategies that apply to student loans and to safeguard loans from becoming delinquent during a leave of absence, withdrawal or any other period of non-enrollment or drop in credits to below a half-time status level.
Medical Leave of Absence
For medical leaves of absence, students must proceed through Occupational Health Network, which will notify the Office of the School Dean of its recommendation regarding a medical leave. No medical leaves will be reviewed or received without the endorsement of the Director of Occupational Health Network, or other physicians designated by the Director of Occupational Health Network.

Medical leaves will be for a period of up to one year. A leave of more than one year’s duration will be granted only under the most extraordinary circumstances and only after review by the Office of the College Dean. Prior to reentry, which must be applied for prior to the one year anniversary, appropriate medical screening will be arranged by the Director of Occupational Health Network with consultation, if necessary, to provide assurance of the student’s fitness to return to class. All fees associated with any evaluation are the responsibility of the student. This process must be completed 15 days prior to the start of the requested re-entry semester.

Academic Enrichment / Personal/ Non-Medical Leave of Absence
A leave of absence for academic enrichment or other personal, non-medical reasons may be entertained by the JCP Associate Dean for Student Affairs. Leaves of absence for academic enrichment and personal, non-medical reasons may be considered from a student in good academic standing and entertained by the JCP Associate Dean for Student Affairs upon receipt of a written request. The student must supply to JCP Associate Dean for Student Affairs reasons that unequivocally validate the need for a non-medical leave. As a corollary, should such a leave be granted, the JCP Associate Dean for Student Affairs, at the time that the leave is granted, will establish clear stipulations that the student must follow in order to gain reinstatement. Generally, such leaves will be no more than one (1) year in duration. Non-medical leaves do not involve or require action or endorsement by the Director of Occupational Health Network.

Mandatory Medical Leave of Absence
The Jefferson College of Pharmacy has an obligation to protect patients, students, faculty and employees from harm caused by the actions of any student.

If remaining in a course or rotation or in pharmacy school is thought to be detrimental to the student, classmates, faculty or to the delivery of patient care,¹ the JCP Dean or the Dean’s designee has the right to temporarily remove a student from JCP, a course, or a rotation, pending medical and/or psychiatric evaluation. Removal from JCP, a course, or rotation, are all subject to review by the JCP Executive Council or the Judicial Board, as appropriate.

The JCP Dean or the Dean’s designee will determine the length of the leave and will require the student to demonstrate fitness to return. The Dean’s designee will determine whether restrictions in access to campus, students and email account are necessary during the leave. The Dean’s designee will alert the student, in writing, of any restrictions during his/her leave of absence.

Prior to reentry, appropriate medical screening will be arranged by the student and the Director of Occupational Health Network with consultation, if necessary. Any financial costs that may be incurred are the responsibility of the student. Reentry after a leave for psychological/psychiatric reasons will include an interview by the psychiatrist designated by the Director of University Health Services.

Should the JCP Executive Council direct a mandatory leave of absence, the Executive Council will define the conditions of return, which may include restricting the scheduling of clinical or research rotations at away sites or at Thomas Jefferson University/Thomas Jefferson University Hospitals.

¹ Potential harm/perceived threats may be described as occurring from behavior defined by Thomas Jefferson University, students or patients as threatening, hostile or otherwise inconsistent with the duties and responsibilities of a student. Behavior can also include that which is disruptive to medical treatment, the educational process or student working environments.
**Readmission Policy and Procedure**

**Policy**
Any student who withdraws or who has been dismissed from the Doctor of Pharmacy Program is eligible to apply directly to the JCP Dean's Office for readmission. If readmitted, the student will begin with the cumulative GPA they had at the time they were dismissed from the Doctor of Pharmacy Program. Following readmission, the student must maintain full-time status which includes core required courses as stipulated in their Conditions of Readmission. Any student dismissed from JCP because of academic underachievement, and subsequently readmitted to JCP, must achieve a semester grade point average of 3.00 for the first full-time semester in which he or she was readmitted. If the student fails to do so, he or she will be dismissed. Furthermore, if such a student has a cumulative grade point average of < 3.00 at the end of the semester in which he or she was readmitted, he or she must raise the cumulative grade point average to a 3.00 or greater by the end of the following semester or be dismissed. After this point, the cumulative GPA of 3.00 or greater must be maintained or the student will be dismissed. Students may not be readmitted to the JCP Doctor of Pharmacy Program more than twice. They must be able to complete the program in 150% of the allotted time. Their ability to do so will be taken into consideration in the readmission process as applicable.

**Procedure**

1. Students who withdraw or who are dismissed for academic underachievement may be considered for readmission for the subsequent academic year. Students who wish to apply for readmission should complete the JCP Application for Readmission which includes a narrative identifying any potential contributors to their lack of academic success, to date, and describing any steps they have or are taking to ensure their future academic success. This may include additional coursework at other institutions, working with a counselor or coach to improve their academic skills (eg., study skills, exam taking, reading comprehension, etc.) or other appropriate interventions. The application for readmission may include attachments such as transcripts from other institutions. The completed Application for Readmission must be submitted to the Deans’ Office.

2. Upon receipt of the Application for Readmission, the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs will review the Application and determine if the student's eligibility for readmission (i.e., ability to achieve a cumulative GPA of ≥ 3.0 by the end of the second semester following their readmission). If the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs determines that the student is eligible for readmission, they will schedule a meeting with the student to discuss the Conditions of Readmission. These may include but are not limited to re-taking courses in which they have previously performed poorly or taking additional foundation courses. If changes to the Doctor of Pharmacy curriculum impact the course of study for a student who is being readmitted that student will be responsible for meeting all requirements of the class with whom they will graduate unless an exception is included in the terms of readmission.

3. Terms of readmission recommended by the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs will be detailed in a Readmission Conditions agreement. At the next regular meeting of the Executive Council, the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs will provide an update of requests for Readmission, including recommended Conditions of Readmission and recommend an action to the Executive Council. The Executive Council will vote to approve the readmission as requested, approve the readmission with changes to the additional conditions, or deny the readmission.

4. Within one week of the Executive Council meeting the student will be notified in writing, by the Dean, of the readmission decision including the Conditions of Readmission.

5. Following readmission, the student will be subject to the readmission policy stated in the Student Handbook and any terms stipulated in their Conditions of Readmission.

Approved Spring 2010 by JCP Executive Council.
Updated Spring 2011 by JCP Executive Council.
Satisfactory Academic Progress Policy - Federal Title IV Programs

Policy Statement (http://www.jefferson.edu/university/academic-affairs/jtu/academic-services/financial_aid/policies/graduate_studies.html)

In order to receive payment for any Title IV Financial Aid Program, students must maintain satisfactory progress in their chosen program of study. If a student transfers to another program of study at the University, academic work in the prior program may be considered in determining satisfactory progress.

Students receiving aid for the first time must have been making satisfactory progress prior to receiving Title IV aid.

Students are considered to be maintaining satisfactory progress in their program of study if they successfully complete 75 percent of the credits attempted while receiving Title IV Funds.

The Satisfactory Academic Progress Policy will be applied at the end of each academic term.

Students who do not demonstrate satisfactory progress are not eligible to receive further Title IV Funds until they have re-established satisfactory progress.

To re-establish satisfactory progress, students must successfully complete, without receiving Title IV Funds, at least 75 percent of the attempted credits which fulfill degree requirements during one academic term.

When satisfactory progress is re-established, the Satisfactory Progress Policy will again be applied at the end of the semester. Application of the policy will continue until students complete or terminate their education.

Students who are placed on academic probation are permitted to continue on aid as long as they are making progress in accordance with College regulations. Students are required to complete their course of study in no more than 150% of the standard time frame required by the academic program. An extension may be granted by the Office of Financial Aid in the event of extenuating circumstances. The death of a family member or documented medical illness are examples of unusual and extenuating circumstances.

Students who are asked to withdraw from a major but who are permitted to remain in the College taking nonprofessional required courses and/or professional courses in the major with permission of the College may not continue on financial aid.

If students feel that they are not fairly judged or have extenuating circumstances, they may request a review of their individual circumstances by the Director of Financial Aid. In the event that students are not satisfied with a decision made by the Executive Director, they may appeal to the College Dean or his/her designee. A subsequent appeal may be made to the Vice Provost for Academic Infrastructure and Effectiveness, who will render the final decision.

In the event of highly unusual or extenuating circumstances which result in the student not maintaining satisfactory progress, the Director of Financial Aid may waive or adjust the Satisfactory Academic Progress Policy on an individual basis. The death of a family member or documented medical illness are examples of unusual and extenuating circumstances.
Definitions

**Title IV Programs:** Federal Pell Grants, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, Federal Perkins Loans, Federal Work Study, Federal Direct Loan program (Stafford and PLUS).

**Title IV Funds:** Any payment originating from the Federal Title IV Financial Aid Programs.

**Credits Attempted:** A credit will be considered attempted only for those courses in which a student is enrolled and which fulfill degree requirements. Withdrawal from classes or the School after the specified drop/add period does not exclude those credits from being considered as attempted. Required courses that are repeated will be aided, but these credits will be considered in calculation of credits attempted for satisfactory progress. Non-credit, remedial courses or challenge examinations are not aided and are not considered as credits attempted.

Temporary letter grades such as I, IP or NR will be considered at the time the final grade is received. These credits will be evaluated with the other credits the student attempted during the academic term the course was originally intended to be completed.

**Successful Completion (JCP specific):** A credit will be considered successfully completed if the student receives a letter grade of A+, A, A-, B+, B, B-, C+, C, C-, D+, D, D-, H, P or LP. A credit for which a student receives the grade W, WP, WF, F, U, NC or N will not be considered successfully completed. Graduate students must maintain a minimum Grade Point Average of 3.00.

**Satisfactory Progress Table**
The following table will be used to measure satisfactory progress for the Federal Title IV Financial Aid Programs.

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- See definition of “Credits Attempted” above.


Title IV Aid*
Transcripts
At the end of each semester, active status students can view grades and transcript (a copy of the student’s complete academic record) at Banner Web.

Thomas Jefferson University has authorized the National Student Clearinghouse to provide transcript ordering privileges via the Web, using any major credit card. To request a transcript, please access the following website:
https://secure.studentclearinghouse.org/tsorder/faces/TranscriptOrder?_afrLoop=4905005904406487&_afrWindowMode=0&_adf.ctrl-state=14ztl5ejlv_4#firstload

Routine transcript requests carry a processing fee for currently enrolled students, graduates and former students. Immediate need and special handling requests may incur additional fees. Your credit card will only be charged after your order has been completed. Although transcripts are normally processed within five working days, students should allow for a processing time of 10 working days, particularly during peak periods such as registration, drop-add, grade reporting and commencement.

The University reserves the right to deny transcript requests of students who have not fully satisfied all financial obligations to the University.
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

It is expected that all JCP students, faculty, and administrators will exhibit behavior consistent with the highest level of professionalism. The American College of Clinical Pharmacy has defined the traits of professionalism to include responsibility, commitment to excellence, respect for others, honesty and integrity, and care and compassion. These are defined in a White Paper published in Pharmacotherapy*.

TRAITS OF PROFESSIONALISM

- **Responsibility** - Responsibility focuses on what one can do and should do; it defines the pharmacist’s duty and moral obligation. Pharmacists have responsibilities to individual patients, to health care professionals, to society, and to the profession.
- **Commitment to excellence** - Excellence is a conscientious effort to exceed ordinary expectations. It implies first a commitment to lifelong learning.
- **Respect for others** - To respect others is to hold in high regard their feelings, opinions, and values. For pharmacists, this should apply to individual patients and their families, other health care professionals, colleagues, coworkers, and others with whom they come in contact.
- **Honesty and Integrity** - Pharmacists must uphold the highest standards of behavior and refrain from actions that would violate one’s personal or professional codes. Displaying honesty and integrity means that pharmacists are truthful, fair, trustworthy, dependable, and honest.
- **Care and Compassion** - To care and to be compassionate are at the very center of the fiduciary relationship between the patient and the pharmacist. Caring, in the most basic terms, means to attend to the needs of others and to have personal concern for the well-being of another.


To be placed in the Student Handbook under Professionalism Development: Traits of Professionalism:

Jefferson College of Pharmacy Professional Dress

Thomas Jefferson University’s Community Standards state that “Students are required to follow a code of behavior consonant with the high standards of professional behavior and the reputation of the University.” Consistent with these standards, the Jefferson College of Pharmacy places importance on the professional image and appearance of its students. To develop a sense of pride and confidence in JCP, and present a professional and respected image to colleagues, the general public, and patients, a clean, neat and professional appearance is encouraged for all JCP students. As required by TJU policy, photo identification badges must be worn on an area above the waist and face-side out while on Jefferson owned or operated premises. While on campus or participating in any professional activities, JCP students are encouraged to be neatly groomed and their attire should always be neat and clean and appropriate for the designated activity. Professional dress as described in the JCP Professional Dress and Appearance Guidelines and/or safety apparel may be required for designated courses (see syllabi) or specified JCP student activities.
CODE OF ETHICS FOR PHARMACISTS
A code is adopted by a profession to regulate that profession. An ethical code may be styled as a
code of professional responsibility that may dispense difficult issues of what behavior is "ethical". The
following Code of Ethics for Pharmacists was adopted by the American Pharmacists Association,
October 27, 1994.

Preamble
Pharmacists are health professionals who assist individuals in making the best use of medications.
This Code, prepared and supported by pharmacists, is intended to state publicly the principles that
form the fundamental basis of the roles and responsibilities of pharmacists. These principles, based
on moral obligations and virtues, are established to guide pharmacists in relationships with patients,
health professionals, and society.

I. A pharmacist respects the covenantal relationship between the patient and pharmacist.
Considering the patient-pharmacist relationship as a covenant means that a pharmacist has moral
obligations in response to the gift of trust received from society. In return for this gift, a pharmacist
promises to help individuals achieve optimum benefit from their medications, to be committed to their
welfare, and to maintain their trust.

II. A pharmacist promotes the good of every patient in a caring, compassionate, and
confidential manner. A pharmacist places concern for the well-being of the patient at the center of
professional practice. In doing so, a pharmacist considers needs stated by the patient as well as
those defined by health science. A pharmacist is dedicated to protecting the dignity of the patient.
With a caring attitude and a compassionate spirit, a pharmacist focuses on serving the patient in a
private and confidential manner.

III. A pharmacist respects the autonomy and dignity of each patient. A pha
rmacist promotes
the right of self-determination and recognizes individual self-worth by encouraging patients to
participate in decisions about their health. A pharmacist communicates with patients in terms that are
understandable. In all cases, a pharmacist respects personal and cultural differences among patients.

IV. A pharmacist acts with honesty and integrity in professional relationships. A pharmacist
has a duty to tell the truth and to act with conviction of conscience. A pharmacist avoids discriminatory
practices, behavior or work conditions that impair professional judgment, and actions that
compromise dedication to the best interests of patients.

V. A pharmacist maintains professional competence. A pharmacist has a duty to maintain
knowledge and abilities as new medications, devices, and technologies become available and as
health information advances.

VI. A pharmacist respects the values and abilities of colleagues and other health
professionals. When appropriate, a pharmacist asks for the consultation of colleagues or other
health professionals or refers the patient. A pharmacist acknowledges that colleagues and other
health professionals may differ in the beliefs and values they apply to the care of the patient.

VII. A pharmacist serves individual, community, and societal needs. The primary obligation of
a pharmacist is to individual patients. However, the obligations of a pharmacist may at times extend
beyond the individual to the community and society. In these situations, the pharmacist recognizes
the responsibilities that accompany these obligations and acts accordingly.

VIII. A pharmacist seeks justice in the distribution of health resources.
When health resources are allocated, a pharmacist is fair and equitable, balancing the needs of
patients and society.
THE OATH OF A PHARMACIST – Approved by the APhA House of Delegates, 2007

"I promise to devote myself to a lifetime of service to others through the profession of pharmacy. In fulfilling this vow:

- I will consider the welfare of humanity and relief of human suffering my primary concerns.
- I will apply my knowledge, experience and skills to the best of my ability to assure optimal outcomes for my patients.
- I will respect and protect all personal and health information entrusted to me.
- I will accept the lifelong obligation to improve my professional knowledge and competence.
- I will hold myself and my colleagues to the highest principles of our profession's moral, ethical, and legal conduct.
- I will embrace and advocate changes that improve patient care.
- I will utilize my knowledge, skills, experiences, and values to prepare the next generation of pharmacists.

I take these vows voluntarily with the full realization of the responsibility with which I am entrusted by the public."
Pharmacists’ Patient Care Process
The goal of high quality, cost-effective and accessible health care for patients is achieved through team-based patient-centered care. Pharmacists are essential members of the health care team. The profession of pharmacy is continuing its evolution from a principal focus on medication product distribution to expanded clinically-oriented patient care services. As a result of this professional evolution, the importance of, and need for, a consistent process of care in the delivery of patient care services has been increasingly recognized by the profession at large.

Pharmacists have unique training and expertise in the appropriate use of medications and provide a wide array of patient care services in many different practice settings. These services reduce adverse drug events, improve patient safety, and optimize medication use and health outcomes. Pharmacists contribute to improving patients’ health by providing patient care services as authorized under their scope of practice and facilitated by collaborative practice agreements. The foundation for the pharmacist’s patient care process is embedded within the pharmaceutical care model developed by Hepler and Strand in the 1990s. However, there is variability in how this process is taught and practiced. To promote consistency across the profession, national pharmacy associations used a consensus-based approach to articulate the patient care process for pharmacists to use as a framework for delivering patient care in any practice setting.

The pharmacists’ patient care process described in this document was developed by examining a number of key source documents on pharmaceutical care and medication therapy management. Patient care process components were catalogued and compared to create the following process that encompasses a contemporary and comprehensive approach to patient-centered care that is delivered in collaboration with other members of the health care team.
STATEMENT OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT/HONOR CODE

Preamble:
The faculty of Thomas Jefferson University affirms its deep commitment to the values and ethical standards of the health professions. These principles involve our conduct with patients and one another where honesty, morality, integrity, civility, altruism, and compassion are the rule. By embracing the values and standards of conduct of health professionals, we maintain our contract with society and the trust that grants us professional autonomy and the privilege of self-regulating our professions.

General Principles of Professionalism in the Health Professions:
At this time when the health professions are beset by an explosion of technology, changes in market forces, serious problems in healthcare delivery, conflicts of interest, and the threat of bioterrorism, the Faculty of Thomas Jefferson University reaffirms its commitment to professionalism. Understanding that at their core, the health professions place the welfare of the patient above self interest, we accept our responsibility to educate future health professionals in the values and ethical standards of medical professionalism. We acknowledge that we can best achieve this by serving as strong role models and advocates while maintaining professional relationships based on mutual respect and concern. We must promote an atmosphere of cooperation and learning, of intellectual openness, honesty, and sincerity in order to constantly protect and redefine and make meaningful our core values and covenant of trust with society.

The Core Values of Thomas Jefferson University:
At Jefferson, we are committed to the highest principles of professionalism. We aspire to be a community that is not only academically and fiscally successful, but also a community of discovery, learning, caring, and sharing. The core values of professionalism guide our actions. At Jefferson:

- Our word is our bond (Integrity)
- We respect each other and all with whom we come into contact (Respect)
- We care about and attempt to ameliorate the suffering and pain of illness; we care about and attempt to ameliorate the trials and tribulations of the Jefferson family (Compassion)
- We are committed to excellence and the life-long pursuit of new knowledge and personal and professional growth (Excellence)
- We aspire to do the right thing, for the right reason, even if it does not serve our personal interests (Altruism)
- We are committed to each other and to those we serve. We work together to achieve our mission and goals (Collaboration)
- We are committed to the prudent use of the resources made available to us by the hard work of the faculty, the tuition of our learners, the support of the public, and the philanthropic giving that sustains us and helps us grow (Stewardship)

Professionalism in the Teacher-Student Relationship:
The Faculty of Thomas Jefferson University is committed to principles of mutual respect and trust between teachers and students. Training future health professionals who are entrusted with the lives of others must be based on faculty members embodying the values of professionalism. A critical part of the values of professionalism in the teacher-student relationship is that faculty members should not use their professional position to engage in relationships outside the professional realm with students or patients. Faculty members should be role models and mentors in their interaction with each other, students, nursing staff and other health professionals, as well as patients. In all of these relationships, faculty members act to enhance the learning experience based on shared professional values.

Shared Professional Values of Thomas Jefferson University:
In entering the health professions, and in the process of crafting future health professionals as students and educators, we recognize the implicit trust that patients and society have granted us. As such, we must commit to embodying the highest standards of civility, honesty, and integrity in all aspects of our personal and professional lives. This must include our interpersonal relationships, our
academic pursuits, and our professional practices. We must treat everyone compassionately, and respect and protect his or her privacy, dignity, and individuality.

As part of the trust that society has placed in us, we must advocate for outstanding patient care for all people. Accordingly, we must always recognize those attitudes and values of ours that may limit our ability to do so.

As health professionals, we must also recognize limitations in our knowledge and skills, and accordingly, we must accept our duty to provide and receive constructive feedback with the goal of improving our ability to care for our patients. This eagerness to improve is central to our commitment to excellence, and will be the foundation upon which we build our practice of lifelong learning.

Faculty Self-Regulation:
As part of their contract with society, the health professions are given the privilege of self-regulation. As part of self-regulation, faculty must contribute to the spirit and principles of the Thomas Jefferson University Honor Code. The faculty must have individual and corporate responsibility to uphold the Honor Code.

**JCP PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT AWARD**
A limited amount of funding is set aside each academic year to support students involved in professional development activities. Activities may include participation in professional meetings, development of scholarly projects, or provision of services that align with the mission and vision of the college. Information about this award and the application form may be found on the JCP Student Organization page in Bb Learn.

**PROFESSIONAL ENGAGEMENT**
Consistent with the mission and vision of the college, JCP encourages students to personally engage in professional activities. Students may identify these opportunities through professional organizations, academic endeavors (didactic or experiential course), internships, or networking with current practitioners or faculty. JCP encourages any student who engages in a professional activity to have an appropriate preceptor / mentor. This may include pharmacists, supervisors or faculty.

It is important that the college be informed about student contributions and activities. Prior to external submission, the JCP student should submit a Professional Activity Document found on the JCP Student organization page in the Program Documents folder. The College will utilize the information gathered to provide recognition to student contributions within the college and the university and in the accreditation process.

**STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTIONAL GOVERNANCE**
In an effort to provide an exceptional educational experience at the JCP, students will be solicited to participate in several College and University committees and task forces. Examples JCP committees which have designated student representatives include:

College Curriculum Committee
The work of the College Curriculum Committee transcends the interests or responsibilities of a college's individual departments and academic programs.
The committee has general authority and responsibility for the
overall design, management, integration, evaluation and enhancement of the educational programs within the college. The committee ensures the integrity, cohesion, and excellence of the curriculum of each of the educational programs within the college, per the procedures outlined in the Faculty Handbook. The committee monitors compliance with program policies, such as policies on timeliness of grades and student workload.

The committee shall also consider proposed changes in the college’s general academic policies regarding admission; academic achievement, progression, and graduation requirements, after consultation with the college’s committees on admissions and student promotions, as applicable.

**Committee on Student Affairs**

The Committee on Student Affairs is responsible for monitoring student welfare in the college, including but not limited to: monitoring student retention, student workload, academic progression, academic advising, and student-related resources. The committee shall provide oversight of sanctioned college-specific student organizations and extracurricular activities.

**Committee on Admissions**

The Committee on Admissions shall be responsible for the selection of students and shall have the power to act in all matters pertaining to admissions in accordance with general policies adopted by the faculty of the college. The committee’s decisions on specific individuals may not be reversed by another individual or faculty body. The committee shall have the overall responsibility of ensuring that the integrity of the admissions process is maintained.

**Student Pharmacist Enrichment Process (SPEP)**

The SPEP Committee shall be responsible for the development of the SPEP program, the program process, and outcomes. The committee will have oversight of the program design and be responsible for orientation of the JCP student body. The committee will also manage and monitor student progression. The committee will be responsible for reporting program outcomes and results to both the student body and JCP faculty.

**TJU Shared Governance Committee**

The Shared Governance Committee (SGC) serves as the facilitative committee for shared governance at the university. Chaired by the chair of the Faculty Advisory Council, SGC supports and promotes effective collaboration among the students, faculty, and university administration through regular dialogue. The members of the SGC may bring to the SGC recommendations pertaining to university policies and other matters of general concern to the university. The SGC shall consider matters brought before it and make its recommendations to the provost.

**TJU Committee on Student Advisors**

Provides a forum for productive communication between TJU students and administrative divisions. The Committee of Student Advisors (CSA) is comprised of student representatives from each of the academic divisions (Colleges/Schools/Departments) of
Thomas Jefferson University’s Center City Campus and administration from the Activities/Wellness Center, Financial Aid, Housing, Information Services and Technology, Registrar, and Tuition/Cashiers. Representative from other administrative divisions are invited to meetings on an ad hoc basis. CSA students serve as liaisons to assist the administration in disseminating important, helpful, and accurate information and in providing constructive feedback from their student colleagues.
STUDENT PHARMACY ORGANIZATION INFORMATION

Student Body Governance (SBG)
The purpose of this organization shall be to enhance the student’s experience both professionally and socially, and to provide a channel of communication between the student body and the administration and faculty of JCP.

Field of Membership
Any matriculated student in the Jefferson College of Pharmacy shall be eligible for participation in the JCP Student Government. Membership is discontinued upon graduation or loss of academic standing in the Jefferson College of Pharmacy.

SBG Faculty Advisor: Mary Hess, PharmD., Office: 901 Walnut Street, Suite 901 C; Email: mary.hess@jefferson.edu

AMCP
The JCP AMCP chapter functions to encourage education and support the advancement of managed care pharmacy. The chapter engages in promoting professional opportunities and leadership within managed care pharmacy. The chapter is also focused on establishing and promoting clinical, educational, and business management programs to improve health care, specifically via the delivery of pharmacy services through managed care.

AMCP Mission Statement
To promote sound managed care pharmacy principles through educational, professional, and social development of its student pharmacist members.

AMCP Chapter Advisor: Emily Hajjar, PharmD, BCPS, BCACP, CGP; Email: emily.hajjar@jefferson.edu

APhA-ASP
The American Pharmacists Association’s (APhA) Academy of Student Pharmacists (ASP) unofficially began in 1921 when students from the University of North Carolina petitioned the APhA Council to be recognized as an APhA student branch. Since then, the student section of APhA has gone through a steady evolutionary process. After the first student branch was recognized, many other schools and colleges of pharmacy began to form their own student branches.

At the 2004 Annual Meeting in Seattle, Washington, APhA-ASP celebrated 35 years as an official academy of APhA. During the meeting, the 2004 APhA-ASP House of Delegates voted in favor of a proposed resolution to change the Academy’s name to the American Pharmacists Association - Academy of Student Pharmacists, in order to better define the professional role of student pharmacists and to emphasize students’ commitment to the profession of pharmacy. In April 2009, the JCP chapter received its chapter charter at the APhA annual meeting.

APhA-ASP Mission Statement
The mission of the American Pharmacists Association Academy of Student Pharmacists is to be the collective voice of student pharmacists, to provide opportunities for professional growth, and to envision and actively promote the future of pharmacy.

APhA-ASP Faculty Co-Advisors: Roshni Patel, PharmD, Email: Roshni.Patel@Jefferson.edu and Emily Scopelliti, PharmD, BCPS, E-Mail: Emily.Scopelliti@Jefferson.edu
ISPOR
The International Society for Pharmacoeconomics and Outcomes Research (ISPOR) promotes worldwide the science of pharmacoeconomics (health economics) and outcomes research (the scientific discipline that evaluates the effect of health care interventions on patient well-being including clinical, economic, and patient-centered outcomes) and facilitates the translation of this research into useful information for healthcare decision-makers to increase the efficiency, effectiveness, and fairness of health care to improve health. Since 2005, Jeff - ISPOR serves to link students interested in pharmacoeconomics and members of the pharmaceutical industry, health-related organizations, and academia.

ISPOR Mission Statement
The mission of ISPOR is to share knowledge in pharmacoeconomics and health outcomes research for students who are interested in a career in pharmacoeconomics, outcomes research, or pharmaceutical service design.

ISPOR Faculty Advisor: Vittorio Maio, PharmD, MS, MSPH. Email: Vittorio.maio@jefferson.edu

JCP-SSHP
In 1942, hospital pharmacists established the American Society of Hospital Pharmacists, affiliated with APhA. In 1995 the name was changed to American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists (ASHP). The name reflects changes in the industry and diversification beyond inpatient care into ambulatory care and home care. Today ASHP’s membership has grown to ~ 31,000 members. The Student Society of Health-Systems Pharmacy (SSHP) was developed to educate members about career options in hospital and health-systems, provide career and professional development, and create opportunities to network.

JCP-SSHP Mission Statement
The mission of the Jefferson College of Pharmacy student society is to make students aware of pharmacy practice in health systems; provide information to students about career directions in and credentials needed for pharmacy practice in health systems; and encourage membership and participation in the respective regional affiliate or Pennsylvania state society of ASHP as a student upon graduation.

JCP-SSHP Faculty Advisor: Mary Hess, PharmD, Office: 901 Walnut Street, Suite 901 C, E-mail: mary.hess@jefferson.edu

Rho Chi: Epsilon Epsilon Chapter

Description:
The Rho Chi Society is recognized as the “Honor Society of Pharmacy” by the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy (AACP). On April 2016, the Epsilon Epsilon Chapter was established at the Jefferson College of Pharmacy.

Induction to the Rho Chi Society is a prestigious honor and recognition of students’ academic excellence as it is achieved by being in the top 20% of the pharmacy class. New members are identified through GPA earnings after completion of the second year of the Doctor of Pharmacy Curriculum. With this membership, students are tasked with the responsibility to continue to uphold the Society’s mission and vision through leadership, tutoring opportunities, community service, and other initiatives.

Vision:
The Society’s vision is to achieve universal recognition of its members as lifelong intellectual leaders in pharmacy. As a community of scholars, the Society will instill the desire to pursue intellectual excellence and critical inquiry to advance the profession.

Mission:
As the academic honor society in pharmacy, Rho Chi aims to encourage and recognize intellectual achievement, as well as stimulate critical inquiry to advance pharmacy. The Society fosters collaboration and promotes the highest ethical standards in order to contribute to the development of intellectual leaders.

**JCP – Rho Chi Faculty Advisors:**
Elena Umland, PharmD  
Office: 901 Walnut Street, Room 901B  
Email: elena.umland@jefferson.edu

Gagan Kaushal, PhD  
Office: 901 Walnut Street, Room 909  
Email: gagan.kaushal@jefferson.edu
**Pharmacy-Related Websites**

**Professional Organizations**

Academy of Managed Care Pharmacy  
[www.amcp.org](http://www.amcp.org)

American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy  
[www.aacp.org](http://www.aacp.org)

American Association of Pharmaceutical Scientists  
[www.aaps.org](http://www.aaps.org)
American College of Clinical Pharmacy  
[www.accp.com](http://www.accp.com)

American Pharmacists Association  
[www.pharmacist.com](http://www.pharmacist.com)

American Society of Consultant Pharmacists  
[www.ascp.org](http://www.ascp.org)

American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists  
[www.ashp.org](http://www.ashp.org)

Delaware Pharmacists Society  
[www.dpsrx.org](http://www.dpsrx.org)

Delaware Society of Health-System Pharmacists  
[www.dshp.net](http://www.dshp.net)

National Association of Boards of Pharmacy  
[www.nabp.net](http://www.nabp.net)

National Association of Chain Drug Stores  
[www.nacds.org](http://www.nacds.org)

National Community Pharmacists Association  
[www.ncpanet.org](http://www.ncpanet.org)

National Pharmaceutical Association  
[www.npha.net](http://www.npha.net)

New Jersey Pharmacists Association  
[www.njpharma.org](http://www.njpharma.org)

New Jersey Society of Health-System Pharmacists  
[www.njsp.org](http://www.njsp.org)

Pennsylvania Pharmacists Association  
[www.papharmacists.com](http://www.papharmacists.com)

Pennsylvania Society of Health-System Pharmacists  
[www.pshp.org](http://www.pshp.org)

**State Boards of Pharmacy**

Delaware State Board of Pharmacy
www.dpr.delaware.gov/boards/pharmacy/index.shtml

New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy
www.state.nj.us/lps/ca/medical/pharmacy.htm

Pennsylvania State Board of Pharmacy
www.dos.state.pa.us/pharm

*Pennsylvania Peer Assistance Program (SARPH)*
www.sarph.org